

FREEDOM, TRUTH, AND JUSTICE.

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SPECIAL NOTICE.—Under no circumstance will any advertisement of unchaste character or doubtful influence be inserted in these columns. Notices coming from parties unknown to the Publishers, must be paid for in advance.

IRISH NEWS.

Antrim.

The flax crop promises to be better this year than for many seasons past, and in general all agricultural interests are in a satisfactory condition.

The irrepressible John Rea has been twice imprisoned for contempt of court, and now brings an action against Mr. J. C. O'Donnell, one of the magistrates who committed him.

On the feast of Corpus Christi, there was a public procession of the Catholics at Derryclone, and another in the neighborhood of Lurgan. All passed off quietly.

The students of Queen's College, Belfast, are thus classified:—203 Presbyterians, 138 Protestants of other denominations, and 17 Catholics.

Coal has fallen to twenty-five shillings a ton.

Armagh.

Mr. P. J. Smyth has given notice of his intention to move for copies of all correspondence during the last two years between the Rev. Charles Quin, Catholic Chaplain of the Armagh Workhouse, and the Armagh Board of Guardians and the Local Government Board. Of all correspondence between ratepayers of the Armagh Union and the Local Government Board with reference to the election for Guardians of the Armagh Union on the 29th day of March.

The seven persons charged with the murder of James McCullagh, whose body was found drowned in the river Lagan, in the month of February last, have been discharged for want of any criminating evidence.

A grand welcome was given to the Rev. James McKenna, P. P., of Lurgan, on his arrival from America.

Carlow.

The foundation-stone of the New Presentation Convent at Carlow was solemnly laid and blessed by the Most Rev. Dr. Walsh, Bishop of Kildare and Leighlin, in presence of a large number of the clergy and laity of the district. The school children, to the number of several hundreds, presented a most edifying spectacle, and the neatness and order which characterized them gave much gratification to those present. A number of handsome banners, carried by the children, added much to the beauty of the display.

Cavan.

Five young men named Reilly, Gannon, McPartlan, Fitzpatrick and Fitz, were placed on trial for a serious riot which took place at Cavan races on the 30th April last. They pleaded guilty. He sentenced four of them to two months' imprisonment with hard labor, and Reilly to one month.

Clare.

Two young men named O'Connor and White, from Freigh, near Miltown Malbay, narrowly escaped drowning at Rineen, a few evenings since, as they were in the acts of raising some lobster plots. Their canoe capsized. Unfortunately neither could swim, and they were in imminent danger of being lost off that shore. Mr. Halpin and other gentlemen pushed off to their assistance, and brought them safely ashore.

John McInerey of Blakemount, was on a visit to his farm at Crusheen, and left his horse temporarily in charge of a boy 15 years of age. The boy attempting to mount, the animal ran off, and before it was stopped the boy was killed. His body was much mutilated.

Cork.

A novel case was brought before the magistrates at Mallow Petty Sessions on the 18th. A publican was charged, under the 13th section of the new Act, with having permitted drunkenness on his premises, the drunken person being himself, and part of the penalty under the section is to have the conviction recorded on the back of the license. The defendant's solicitor contended that the section applied only to permitting other persons to get drunk on the premises, and the Bench reserved the case for the opinion of the Law Adviser.

Cork.

An action for libel, at which the damages are laid at £600, has been commenced in the Court of Common Pleas by Mr. Jeremiah Lynch, hotel-keeper, of Millstreet, against Mr. James Cooper, shop-keeper, of the same town, the alleged libel being contained in a letter to a parish priest, dissuading him from convening a public meeting in reference to the election of Poor Law Guardians, on the requisition of plaintiff and others, and describing the plaintiff as "the nephew of a perjurer and the son of a murderer." The defendant traverses the writing and publication of the letter, and files a special plea of "no libel." The jury found for the plaintiff £50 damages.

It is expected that the Marcroom Farmers' Club will unite with Cork Farmers Club in their efforts to secure the return of a tenant farmer as M. P., for the county at next election.

An old man named Patrick O'Connor, of Garryduff, was found dead on the 18th in a field near his own house. Heart disease is supposed to be the cause.

Derry.

Landed estates, county Londonderry. Estate of Sir H. H. Bruce, Bart, M. P., owner and petitioner—The rental of this estate consisted of nine lots. The first eight were sold by private contract; lot nine consisted of the lands of Granny and part of Tamneyaske, containg 342a statute measure, held in fee farm, in the barony of Loughinsholland; yearly profit rent, 241*l*. Sold to Mr. Patterson for 5,400*l*.

Donegal.

Rev. Samuel McClure died suddenly at his residence Crossroads, Carrigans, county Donegal, on Monday last. Deceased preached twice on the previous day, in the morning to his own congregation and in the evening at Portlough. Early on Monday morning he was attacked with inflamation, and died that evening at five o'clock.

Down.

The crops in this and the neighboring counties present a most encouraging appearance. The harvest will be a little late, but there is every prospect of an abundant produce.

Died—on the 10th inst.—at Drumgooland, Loughinisland, Annie, relict of the late Andrew O'Flynn, of Dromena, near Castlewellan, and daughter of the late James Russell, Esq., Ballykinlar House.

Dublin.

Miss Mary Cannon, described as a "respectable looking middle-aged female," sought compensation yesterday in the Court of Exchequer from one Phillips, for blighted affections and blasted hopes. Sixteen years did Phillips court her, off and on. Indeed Phillips seems to have been uneasy in his mind because "he had not a place." If he had but "a place" he would marry straight off. But neither Mary Cannon's friends nor his own gave him a place. So at last he took one at Lucan, and having taken it he placed a wife—not Mary Cannon — over his fowls and other belongings. Thereupon Mary Cannon brought her action, and recovered £75 from the faithless Phillips.

Sir. Arthur Guinness has instituted legel proceedings against Sir. John Gray for an article which appeared in the *Freeman* broadly hinting that Sir Arthur is a bigamist, having been first married to his gardener's daughter, and now to the daughter of the Earl of Bantry. This statement is pronounced "false as hell," and the apology which Sir John tendered has been spurned. The lawyers, therefore, will have some pickings.

A fireman named John Walsh, aged thirty years, employed in the service of the Dublin and the Wicklow Railway Company, was found dead at Bray. He was last seen alive shortly after eleven o'clock at night in Bray, and was found dead close to Novarra Terrace shortly before six o'clock next morning. It is surmised that lung or heart desease was the cause of death.

A wooden bridge has been thrown over the Liffey at Eustace street for the temporary accommodation of business while the new bridge connecting Parliament and Chapel streets is in course of construction. It may be worthy of remark that the wide level bridge to be built will give increased facilities for communication between the Castle and the Royal Barracks.

On the 23d ult. the prisoner Edward Kelly was again indicted on a charge of having on the night of the 4th of October last, at North Great George's-street, fired a pistol at one David Murphy with intent to kill. He was found guilty by the carefully packed jury, and sentenced to penal servitude for life.

Patrick Dowling, aged 65, fell from a scaffold at the Dublin Distillery, Russell Place, and was killed.

The body of Bridget Barrett was found in the Liffey. No cause for the drowning could be assigned.

A Dubliner named Duffy, who is probably a monomaniac, has given himself up to the Liverpool police as the man who shot Talbot, the informer.

Chief Baron Pigott, the father of the late John Edmond Pigott, is seriously ill.

Four in-hand coaches are again becoming fashionable in Dublin.

Fermanagh.

Flax.—This crop seems to be generally throughout Ulster in a luxuriant condition, and if the season continne propitious those who have sown it this year are likely to be awarded with a yield. Its growth has been very rapid, the stalks being close on a yard high in many places.

Galway.

Thomas Gannon an employe in the Iodine Works, Galway, while stepping out of the blinding smoke of one of the furnaces, backed into one of the vats filled with the seething liquid, and was so terribly burned that his life is despaired of.

The *Tuam News* continues to be graced by the Irish department which is ably written up by the distinguished scholar and datriot, Father Ulick Burke.

Michael Ward was flung from his horse and killed when riding home from Mount Bellew on the 18th ult.

Kerry.

For refusing to disclose the name of a person who interfered with a military piquet in Tralee, by commanding them to "halt," which command they obeyed, believing it to have been by their own officer, a tailor named Patrick O'Brien, who was called to rebut the charge preferred against another man, was on the 18th sent to gaol for a week by the local magistrates. The defendant was required to give bail.

The Kerry regiment of militia assembled in Tralee. 735 strong, for annual training. It may be remarked that the government seems to be getting over its scare of 1865 ween it was determined not to entrust Irishmen of any class with arms. We have no objection to its getting as many militia men drilled as it can, for they may be hereafter useful on the other side.

Kildare.

Died.—June 15, at his residence, Old Graigue, Maynooth, Mr. Thomas Connell, aged 55 years.

Died.—June 16, at Main street Mr. Thomas Phelan, formerly of Kingstown Co. Dublin, aged 77.

Kilkenny.

Things are going hard with Father O'Keeffe and his friends at the investigation conducted by the Callan Schrols Committee. On the 12th the Rev. Dr. Henry, Lord Monek, and Mr. Kelly (one of the Secretaries of the National Board) gave powerful, and, indeed, conclusive testimony in support of the action of the majority of the Commissioners. The Rev. Dr. Henry not only showed that Father O'Keeffe's dismissal from the managership of the Callan Schools was in accordance with all the precedents, but averred that the Presbyterian Church would not have countenanced the National system if its ecclesiactical censures in the case of such of its clergymen as became managers of schools had not been from the first recognized and acted on by the National Board. Lord Monck's evidence was chiefly confined to showing that a suspended clergyman, or even a clergyman who "get into trouble with his ecclesiastical supervisors," would not be suitable for the post of manager. All these witnesses came out of the ordeal of cross-examination without a sear.

The death is announced of the Rev. Wm. Hart, a respectable and venerable clergyman at an advanced age.

King's County.

The following are the particulars of the murder perpetrated on Sunday evening at Clongowney; near Athlone. About seven o'clock Devery with his wife went to milk some cows in a field some distance from their house. The husband returned home for another can, and not returning the wife went home to ascertain the cause of the delay and found her husband dead in the house, his head being battered in a brutal manner. Two brothers named Egan, who were seen near the place, have been arrested, and grave suspicions are entertained of the wife's complicity.

Leitrim.

The harvest prospects in this part of the country are in general very promising. Under the quickening rays of a powerful sun, tempered by the vivifying rain which has fallen pretty copiously at intervals during the past six or eight days, the face of the country has undergone a decided change for the better. The potato crop, never offered so well, perhaps since the first appearance of the blight in 1847. Oats look well, and an abundant yield is thus early anticipated. The flax crop, which has proved somewhat fickle of late, bids fair to surpass that of last or the proceeding year; at least considerably more than an average crop is confidently expected. On account of the trying little spell of fuel famine experienced last winter, turf bogs have been well looked after this year. The dry season was most favorable for the important process of turf saving, which is now all but completed.

Limerick.

The Government offers a rewards of £200 for the apprehension of the persons who murdered Mr. Joseph Gubbins, J. P., of Kilrush House, County Limerick.

The people of Limerick have no faith in parliamentary action, and very little even in Home Rule. The black flag hung out in sight of the Lord-Lieutenant is the truest index of their opinions.

Limerick.

Death of the Rev. Patrice Ryan, P. P., Cappamore—We regret to announce the death of an old and much esteemed and respected friend, in the person of the Rev. Patrick, or as he was generally better known by the name of the Rev. Patrice Ryan, the beloved Parish priest of Cappamore, who, after a long and severe illness, expired at the parochial residence on Saturday, amid the sorrow for his demise of every one who knew him. In politics he was of the more advanced school of O'Connell; and during the agitation of the land question some 26 years ago by the late James Fenton Lalor in Tipperary, Father Patrice, who was one of the originators of the celebrated Holy Cross meeting of the Tenant Farmers, may be said to have had a chief part in organizing that remarkable gathering. He claimed possession of, or the right of presentation to the MacMahon burse in the Irish College of Paris, where he was educated.

Longford.

At Granard, an inquest was held on the body of a woman named Catherine McGrath. It appeared that the woman and her husband had been quarrelling on the 16th instant. The wife was cut and she shortly afterward died.

Strike in Tinnelick—The workmen employed in the corn mills of Harry M'Cann, Esq. at Tinnelick, struck on the 17th, for higher wages. Extra police have been brought from Abbeyshrule and Ballymahon to preserve the peace!

Louth.

Eight persons were injured, but not seriously by a wagon, truck, and some other carriages running off the line of the Londonderry and Dundalk Railway. The accident occurred within twelve miles of Dundalk.

Summer Assizes open in the following places:—Drogheda, July 7th; Dundalk, July 8th; Monaghan, July 11th; Belfast, July 22nd; Judge Keogh and Lawson will administer "Justice" in the MacAleese and Galway election style.

Mayo.

To enable the people of Castlebar to erect and complete a church in keeping with their rumbers and religious zeal, it has been found necessary to appeal to the Irish abroad. For this purpose, Father McGee, of Castlebar, and Father McHale, nephew of the Archbishop, left Tuam for New York, on June 20. Should these talented and patriotic gentlemen come on to San Francisco, we have no doubt their reception will be satisfactory.

The funeral of the venerated patriarch, the late Bishop of Killala, was quite imposing, and was numerously attended by Protestants as well as Catholics. His remains were solemnly and mournfully consigned to earth beneath the chancel of the noble gothic Cathedral of the town of Ballina.

The venerable Archbishop of Tuam, the Most Rev. Dr. McHale, was the recipient of an ovation on the occasion of his recent visit to Castlebar.

Mr. Robert Aleom, proprietor of the Medical Hall, Ballinrobe, took a dose of Prussic acid in mistake on the 15th, and died immediately.

Meath.

Depopulation.—Part after part of the Census of Ireland for the decennial period ending in 1871, as it is issued from the press, tells the same mournful tale of the progressing depopulation of the country. The statistics of the County Meath have just been published. Like all the rest, the are statistics of ruin and decay. In 1841, the population of the county was 183,828. In 1851, it was 140,748—a loss of 43,080 persons within the ten years. In 1861, the number had come down to 110,373—a loss of 30,375 persons within the preceding ten years. In 1861, the numbers had further dwindled to 95,558, a reduction of 14,815 since the period of the last Census. These figures show that within the last twenty-five years the country of Meath, by the operation of English rule, has been deprived of 88,270 of its people. There are only a few thousand more than that number in the county at present. As the drain of the population is still going on briskly, it is easy to conjecture how the figures will stand ten or twenty years hence—if English rule be not abolished in Ireland.

Waterford.

The death is announced in Waterford, of the Rev. Dr. Flynn; P. P., V. G. The deceased gentleman held the position of professor in St. John's College, under the presidency of the late Rev. Dr. O'Brien, Catholic Bishop. He was afterwards transferred to the parishes of Donmore and Passage, and from thence to Trinity, Waterford, where he has labored for 22 years. He was about 84 years of age.

Wexford.

Mr. Michael J. Whitty, till lately proprietor and editor of the *Liverpool Daily Post* and the *Journal*, died the other day in that city, and he, an Irishman "born, bred and reared," in the county Wexford, was the father of one of Britain's greatest boasts—the Penny Daily Press. He was the first man in England to start a penny daily. When he sold it he got 50,000 pounds for his interest. He was besides chief constable of Liverpool for twelve years, and in that capacity organized the first fire brigade that England saw. In a few years hence, he will no doubt be referred to as an Englishman who illustrated the superiority of the Anglo-Saxon race.

Queen's County.

Here is a melancholy story from the Wexford *Independent*, the substance of which, mutatis nominbus, we have been observing from week to week in most of our country exchanges:—The railway station at Maryborough presented a saddening spectacle on the 8th, when a large number of emigrants from this county took leave of their relatives and friends on the eve of their departure for America. Similar scenes may be witnessed at all the principal stations on the several railway lines throughout the country. Labor is becoming so scarce and the rate of wages so high, that the agricultural work of the country is being retarded to a great extent and is daily growing worse in all parts of the country. Emigration materially interferes with the speedy success of any movement to promote our national and industrial concerns, but will add strength to the numerous organizations for political purposes which exist beyond the Atlantic.

Monaghan.

Before the Select Committee on the Irish Juries' Act, on the 16th, Mr. John Riley, a professional gentlemen who had been connected with the registration of juries in Monaghan since 1850, gave some remarkable examples of the evils attending the old jury system, chiefly as to the manner in which jury panels were made up. While the proportion of religious creeds was as three Catholics to two Protestants of the whole population, the latter denomination usually predominated largely in the jury box. He approved of the new alphabetical system, would divide the large letters into two, and discharge the jurors for one year; he thought an £8 qualification sufficient, and said a £12 rating would exclude many men fit to be jurors.

Roscommon.

The Right Hon. Charles French, of French Lodge, county Roscommon, the nephew of the late Member, has been returned without opposition for the parliamentary representation of the county. Having made the most satisfactory professions of his adherence to the Home Rule platform, Capt. Harmon King retired in his favor. For this disinterested and patriotic action, he has received the thanks of the Home Rule Association.

Sligo.

The trade of the port of Sligo with England and Wales is steadily increasing. An overwhelming majority of the people are Home Rulers, as they are convinced that, if English laws ceased to operate in Ireland, the trade of Sligo with the United States would be important. As it is, the Sligo steamers make the circuit of Ireland before finding a market for the surplus agricultural products of the caunty.

Tipperary.

The impending evictions on the estate of Mr. Smith Barry, M. P., in Tipperary were subject to another public meeting in that town on Sunday. The Fair Green was crowded, and Mr. Hayes, Mr. Carew and others renewed their charges against Mr. Smith Barry's agent, Mr. Cust. One of the speakers, Mr. Hayes, referred to the preceedings taken against him and others in the Queen's Bench, and said he was glad that those proceedings had occurred, for that "the lies that had been told of him were wriggling attempts" on the part of LeopoldCust and his friends "to get over their own conduct." He further strongly maintained that he had acted legally and constitutionally throughout, and expressed a firm conviction that the Court of Queen's Bench would say so when it should have heard his defense, and that of his fellow-townsmen.

Tyrone.

Justice Fitzgerald gave a decision in the case of Mr. McCartney v. the *Tyrone Constitution*. He considered the contempt complained of was a contempt of the Court of Common Pleas, and should be dealt with by that court and not by himself individually. He would, therefore, say, no rule on the motion and no costs. The motion for the withdrawal of the petition was afterward granted, his lordship believing it was *bona fide*, and he added that the sitting member won the seat fairly and was entitled to keep it.

Westmeath.

The Crime and Outrage Act, or (as it is more aptly styled) the Curfew Act is still rigidly enforced in many districts of this county. Increased emigration is naturally one of its consequences.

June 16, at Bathwire, County Westmeath, after a long and painful illness, borne with patience and Christian resignation, in the 62d year of her age, Marcella, the beloved wife of Mr. Henry Geraghty, departed this life.

Wicklow.

Arklow New Lifeboat.—The National Lifeboat Institution has just forwarded a new lifeboat to Arklow, in lieu of the boat placed on that station some years since. The boat sent is a very fine one, 37ft long and 9ft wide, and rows 12 oars double banked.

Died,—June 16, at his residence, Ball'sbridge Co. Dublin, Mr. Simon Byrne, late of Kilmurray, Co. Wicklow, aged 74 years.

In the good old-fashioned way, Thomas Curran with a party of friends carried off a sweet young lady, made love to her afterwards, and then married her. She now declares that she likes him the better for his spirit. Her friends have been conciliated, and Thomas feels a little proud.

The Irish-Americans of 1776.

We take the following from an able and elaborate article in the *Irish World* of July 5th, dealing exhaustively with the establishment of American Independence, and the pretensions of the Anglo-Saxons in building up this Republic:—On July the Fourth, 1776, THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE was solemnly adopted by Congress. The hour was come, that was seen by the poet's vision when he wrote:—

Gather together the nations! proclaim the war to all;
Armor and sword are girding in palace, and tower, and hall;
The kings of the earth are donning their feudal mail again—
Gather together the nations! arouse and arm THE MEN!
The future circleth nearer on its grey, portentous wings,
Pale are the cheeks of princes, and sore afraid are kings
Once faced by the furious nations, they'll flee in fear, and then
By the right divine of the fittest, we shall have the reign of MEN!

We can but briefly allude to the events of succeeding years. What England had laughed at as a mere flash of temporary anger, she now knew to be the steady blaze of determined revolution. Washington followed the English to New York, and engaged with them at the battle of Long Island. The patriots were surrounded by superior numbers, suffered a disastrous defeat, and the entire divisions would have been made prisoners—a calamity that would have ended the war there and then—only for the unparalleled heroism of the Maryland regiment. This was composed of the youthful manhood of the old Catholic colony founded by Lord Baltimore The chivalrous battalion faced the whole pursuing army of the British and the Hessians, and saved the retreat, though the effort almost annihilated them. Their ashes rest where Third avenue and Tenth street, Brooklyn, intersect. Inspired by the deathless memories of that day, more than by any of her later glories, a son of Maryland wrote the thrilling verses:

Come! for thy shield is bright and strong,
Maryland!
Come! for thy dalliance does thee wrong,
Maryland!
Come! to thine own heroic throng,
Striding with Liberty along,
And ring thy dauntless slogan song,
Maryland! My Maryland!

Thou wilt not yield a Vandal toll,
Maryland!
Thou wilt not crook to his control,
Maryland!
Better the fire upon thee roll,
Better the shot, the blade, the bowl,
Than crucifixion of the soul,
Maryland! My Maryland!

The campaign continued with varying success, until the spring of 1777, when the spirits of the Patriot army were greatly revived by the arrival of Lafayette and his companions. The noble Frenchman, not yet twenty years of age, had fitted out a vessel at his own expense, and came to America, offering to serve as a volunteer in the ranks. He was accompanied by several distinguished officers, whose skill and valor had been established on European battle-fields. Among them were many of the surviving officers of the Franco-Irish brigade, who gladly volunteered their services in the cause of freedom, and had the satisfaction of drawing their swords once more against their hereditary enemy—England. In 1778, the French Government formed an alliance with the United States, and sent a powerful fleet and a well-equipped army to their aid. Practically France had been an ally of the United States for two years before; but it was only now that formal articles were drawn up. The same remark applies to Spain, who formally joined hands with the United States in the summer of 1779. These alliances were the death-blow of English supremacy in America.

The Irish immigrants could not become very prominent in colonial affairs while England's supremacy lasted, for England (as may be seen from the Declaration of Independence,) would not naturalize any foreigners. This law, as applied to the colonies, provided that no alien could hold or transmit personal property, or exercise any political rights. An alien meant anybody not born in England or in an English colony. To the eternal honor of Catholic Maryland, she opposed this iniquitous proscription, and defying the Parliament, she threw open to all new comers the privilege of citizenship. But in every other State except Maryland, and, perhaps Pennsylvania, the Irish settlers had to fight against bitter prejudices. Old England and New England joined in prosecuting them. Scattered and disorganized, the Celtic element could not inaugurate a successful revolution. So they quietly husbanded their strength until a cause for quarrel ripened in 1775. Then it was the Celtic element that gave unity and vitality to the movement for independence. Loyal Anglo-Americans had shipped whole cargoes of papers and parchment to England in pitiful petitions to His Most Sacred Majesty, King George. But the first man that openly proclaimed the duty of insurrection was an Irish-American, Patrick Henry. The men who quickest caught up the cry where the Carrolls and Routledges, also Irish-Americans, under whose leadership the Southern colonies soon wheeled into the van of the Patriot army. It was an Irish-American, General Sullivan, who committed the first overt act of rebellion by seizing the military stores at Portsmouth. It was an Irish-American, Colonel Barrett, who commanded the Provincials at Lexington. They were Irish-American Colonels, Wayne, Irving, Butler, Stewart, who raised the famous Pennsylvania Line, which was always relied on to fill the gap of danger, and which was known throughout the campaign as

"THE IRISH BRIGADE."

Thompson's and Morgan's rifle corps —two of the most distinguished regiments that fought in the revolution—were Irish, almost to a man. The chivalrous General Montgomery, the Clintons, Colonel Fitzgerald and Colonel Moylan —who were Washington's aids and constant companions—Lynch, McKean, and a thousand others—all of them famous for valor and patriotism—were Irish-Americans. Governor Burke, of North Carolina, Governor Blake, of South Carolina, and Colonel Pickens of the same state—whom even the Know-Nothing Historian Lossing, discribes as "the purest patriots of the South."—were all Irish-Americans. Colonel Pickens was married to the aunt of John Colhoun. It was an Irish-American, Charles Carroll, the last survivor of the signers, who received the proud title of "First Citizen of the Republic." In a word, making a few conspicuous exceptions such as Adams, Hancock and Franklin, all the master minds of the Revolutionary era were Celtic, and the major part of them were Irish. We cannot now delay to mention names, but we shall, in a future issue group together biographical sketches of the more prominent Irish-Americans who took part in the drama of Independence.

ONE of the bluest of Germantonians, on being reqnested by a rich and vulgar young fellow for permission to marry "one of his girls," gave this rather crushing reply: "Certainly! Which would you prefer—the waitress or the cook!"

A MINISTER out West advertises in the hope of making young people come forward, that during the warm weather he will marry them for "a glass of whiskey, a dozen of eggs, the first kiss of the bride, and a quarter of a pig!"

A DUTCHMAN, getting excited over an account of an elopement of a married woman, gave his opinion thus: "If mine vife runs away mit anoder man's vife I shake him out of his preeches, if she was mine fadder!"

"I live by my pen," said a Chicago poet, wishing to impress a young lady. "You look as if you lived in one," was the reply.

CAPT. JACK, wants to be tried by a jury of his peers, namely, Modocs. Such a course would be in-jury-ous to the interests of the country.

Venison is plenty only in winter, but dear meat is to be found all the year round.

Marriage is often said to be a lottery, but Benedict thinks it is like a game of checkers.

A votive offering, which is not a sacrifice—Voting yourself an increase of salary.

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES OF THE

IRISH NATIONALIST,

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

Published Every Saturday at No. 5 Post Street, San Francisco.

—BY THE—

Nationalist Printing and Publishing Co.

The friends of Ireland and the friends of universal freedom have long felt the want on this coast of a newspaper which should rigorously exclude from its columns all matters not tending to the advocacy of their principles, the defense of their rights, the increase of their knowledge and numbers, the elevation of their sentiments and character, and the formation of an effective union among all sections, parties, creeds and classes of liberty-loving Irishmen and their allies.

To supply this want, as well as to contribute something towards the establishment of a Republic on Irish soil, and the spread of free institutions to every part of the earth, has the NATIONALIST been established. The importance of the work to be performed and the necessity of performing it well, have led to the formation of a Joint-Stock Company of Irishmen, Irish-Americans and others, under the title of "THE NATIONALIST PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY." This Company undertakes to publish the NATIONALIST in future, and pledges itself that this newspaper shall be distinguished by the following characteristics.

1. The main object of the NATIONALIST shall be to assist in the establishment of a REPUBLIC ON IRISH SOIL. As means towards that end, it will inculcate the necessity of a cordial union among all sections of Irishmen, irrespective of creed, race or locality; the advisability of forgiving and forgetting past differences; the need that exists for harmony among the different organizations of Irishmen; the futility of expecting Irish liberty from any other source than Irish arms in Irish hands; the duty that is incumbent on Irish-Americans to sympathize with and assist their brothers at home; and the most efficient mode of rendering that assistance most conducive to its intended object.

2. It will advocate the cause of all oppressed peoples, and the right of every nation to its own autonomy.

3. It will favor the spread of Republicanism and free institutions among all nations, and oppose aristocracy and monarchy by every honorable means at its disposal.

4. In religion it will be strictly neutral, excluding from its columns all inflammatory references to religious and sectarian subjects. This is believed to be not only expedient, but necessary, as religious differences have been the bane of many generations of Irishmen. Provided, however, that current religious news may be inserted without prejudicial comments.

5. Sectionalism, or ignorant prejudices arising among men because of their coming from different parts of Ireland, shall be discountenanced, and its criminality exposed.

6. No line of the NATIONALIST shall ever be devoted to indulgence in unfriendly personalities. When, however, the principles of Irish nationality or of American republicanism are attacked, the attack shall be vigorously repelled.

7. In the politics of the City of San Francisco and of the State of California, the NATIONALIST shall be strictly neutral, regarding party affiliations as no cause for making any man a friend or an enemy; and it shall neither advocate nor attack the claims of any political party or individual when seeking political position, Federal, State or Municipal.

8. It will also be neutral but friendly in its treatment of the internal affairs of the United States, but in reference to the foreign policy of the country, it will hold itself thoroughly independent.

9. A speciality will be made of giving publicity to all matters of interest to the Irish societies and military companies of the City and of the State.

10. The Labor movement and the respective rights and obligations of Workingmen and Capitalists shall receive that attention which their great importance demands.

The main object of this undertaking being the union of Irishmen with a view towards Irish independence, all the obstacles which might impede that union have been, as far as possible, removed, so that the NATIONALIST might furnish a platform broad enough to give standing room to all genuine lovers of liberty, and there shall not be any deviations from these principles permitted in the columns of this journal under any circumstances. Among the stockholders of this Company are representatives of almost all the Irish organizations of California, whether revolutionary, benevolent, literary or military. While we rely on our future performances rather than our present promises, while we believe ourselves competent, as well as determined, to repel the attacks of all enemies of our cause, and while we acknowledge having already received generous support, we yet invite the cordial co-operation of all to enable us to make the NATIONALIST take a front-rank place among the newspapers devoted to the service of Ireland and Liberty.

The above is the declaration of principles which the Nationalist Publishing Company pledges itself to carry out to the utmost of its ability; and, as this company is organized solely for that purpose, and not for any purpose of gain, it confidently appeals for support to all Irishmen who desire to see their native land an INDEPENDENT NATION, and likewise to all lovers of HUMAN FREEDOM.

DRY GOODS.

A BONA FIDE

LIST OF PRICES!

NOTHING MISREPRESENTED!

An Ample Stock of Everything at the Prices Quoted Below.

HAVING ARRANGED AND MARKED down the Great

BANKRUPT STOCK

We will sell on terms more advantageous to the purchaser than any other house has thus far attempted to do on this Coast.

Lot No. 1—500 Pieces Reversable Plaids, 25 cents a yard.

Lot No. 2—Silk Striped Grenadines, 12½ cents a yard.

Lot No. 3.—700 Pieces Mohair Stripe, 12½ cents a yard.

Lot No. 4—200 pieces Poplins, 25 cents a yard.

Our finest and superior make of Dry Goods, such as Velours, Silk Poplins, all Wool Poplins, Pongees reduced to 50, 62½ and 75 cents per yard. Extraordinary bargains.

Also, Japanese Silk-finished High Lustre Poplins, 25 and 35 cents per yard.

Also, Fine Abyssinian Silks, at 50, 62 and 75 cents per yard.

Black Silks, $1 25, $1 50 and $1 75.

Ladies, inquire for $2 50 Black Bonnet Silk, never before sold for less than $4 per yard.

All $1 50 and $2 Striped Fancy French Silks reduced to 75 cents and $1 per yard.

Black Goods all reduced to the lowest possible price.

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One yard wide French Prints and Satine de Chins, 18¾ cents per yard.

House Furnishing Goods.

4-4 Sheeting, 12½ cents per yard.
Turkey Red Table Linen, 2 yards wide, 75 cents.
Bedspreads, $1, 1 50, $2 50, large size.
Towels, Napkins, and Table Linen, reduced proportionately.
4-4 Heavy Scotch Ginghams, 12½ cents per yard.
French Chambrays, 12½ cents per. yard.
Heavy Belfast Flax Linen, 16 2-3 cents per yard.
Wrapper Patterns, Poplin Reps, $2 per Pattern.

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Beautiful Wool Striped Shawls.....$1 50
Fine Reversible Shawls.....$3 50
Ottoman Shawls, All Wool.....$5 00

Bargains in Fancy Department.

Jouvin's Kid Gloves, slightly spotted, 10 cents per pair
The $1 25 Kid Gloves for 50 cents per pair
5,000 Ladies Silk Scarfs, 25 cents each
1,000 dozen Corsets, 25 cents each
Sash Ribbons, Bonnet Ribbons, Embroideries, Laces, Hosiery, Ladies and Children's Underwear, at less than manufacturers' prices.

A great many other lines of desirable goods too numerous to mention, will be sold equally low.

As our system of business is one price, and no deviation, it will be needless for purchasers to offer a second price.

GLEESON & FELL,

634 Market Street,

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In consequence of the removal of the

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Is obliged to offer his Goods, consisting of Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods, Boots and Shoes of every description at Extraordinary Low Prices.

Call at 725 Montgomery street and see for yourselves.

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DR. JOHN ROLL, the most wonderful Fortune Teller in the world, can be found at No. 836 Pacific Street, between Stockton and Powell. He uses all kind of witchcraft, cures all diseases and spells, causes love, returns anythin that is stolen, or run away, and cures drunkards from drinking. He will give love and luck to all who want it Don't forget to call and see him. jy4-tf

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Importers of

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Perfumery,	Gents' Furnish'ng Goods,
Millinery Goods,	Small Wares,
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White Goods,	Etc. Etc. Etc.

Corner of Sutter and Sansome streets,

SAN FRANCISCO. je 28-tf

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112 SIXTH STREET, (corner of Minna street)

Dealer in Foreign and Domestic

DRY GOODS,

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je 28-tf

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DENIS WHELAN,

BOOT MAKER,

STEVENSON ST., (two doors from Third st.) Opposite P. J. TANIAN'S.

Fashionable Boots Made at the Lowest Prices.

Repairing neatly done and satisfaction guaranteed: [je28

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PRIZE

BOOT MAKER,

LADIES AND MISSES BOOTS MADE TO ORDER.

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FASHIONABLE

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SELLERS & KING,

Boot and Shoe Store,

No. 19 Third Street, Cor. Stevenson, San Francisco.

Dealers and Manufacturers of Ladies', Gents' and Children's Shoes; also, a large stock of Boots and Shoes always on hand, at lowest prices.

WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD. jy4tf

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BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

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The above stamp is placed on the Goods made by this Boot and Shoe Manufacturing Corapany; and they desire to inform the Trade and the Public that an unprincipled Boot and Shoe firm of this city (a house doing a large business, and which ought to be above such a trick) are stamping their Worthless Chinese-made goods with a partial imitation of our Stamp, hoping to sell their goods as our make, and thereby injure our trade. We employ no Chinese labor, nor ever did, and our goods have always given satisfaction and built up a trade which those parties in their petty meanness are seeking to deprive us of. Therefore, we caution all who wish to buy our goods and patronize WHITE LABOR, to see that they are stamped as above.

UNITED WORKINGMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE BOOT AND SHOE COMPANY. my24-tf

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APPLY DAILY FROM NINE O'CLOCK A. M. till FIVE P. M.

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JEWELER & WATCHMAKER,

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All kinds of California Jewelry and Diamond Work made and repaired. jly 5-tf

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WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

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No. 31 THIRD ST., (near Market,) SAN FRANCISCO.

All kinds of Plated Wares Repaired, and Old Silver Whitened and Finished to look equal to new. Orders sent through Wells, Fargo & Co. will receive prompt attention. j y 5-tf

MEDICAL.

PRIVATE MEDICAL AID

QUICK CURES MODERATE CHARGES

DR. W. K. DOHERTY'S PRIVATE MEDICAL & SURGICAL INSTITUTE.

(FOUNDED IN 1853.

No. 619 Sacramento Street, corner of Leidesdorff street (a few doors below the What Cheer House.) Private entrance on Leidesdorff street, San Francisco.

Established expressly to afford the Afflicted sound and scientific Medical Aid, in the treatment and cure of all Private and Chronic Diseases, cases of secrecy, and all sexual disorders.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. W. K. DOHERTY RETURNS HIS SINCERE thanks to his numerous patients for their patronage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that he continues to consult at his Institute for the cure of CHRONIC DISEASES of the LUNGS, LIVER, KIDNEYS, Digestive and GENITO-URINARY ORGANS, and all private diseases, viz: SYPHILIS, in all its forms and stages; SEMINAL WEAKNESS, and all the horrid consequences of self-abuse; GONORRHŒA, GLEET, STRICTURES, NOCTURNAL and DIURNAL EMISSIONS, SEXUAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE BACK and LOINS, INFLAMMATION OF THE BLADDER and KIDNEYS, etc., etc.; and he hopes his long experience and successful practice will continue to insure him a share of public patronage. By the practice of many years in Europe and the United States, he is enabled to apply the most efficient and successful remedies against diseases of all kinds. He cures without mercury, charges moderate, treats his patients in a correct and honorable way, and has references of unquestionable veracity from men of known respectability and high standing in society. All parties consulting him by letter or otherwise, will receive the best and gentlest treatment and implicit secrecy.

DR. DOHERTY would call attention to the following certificates, from two of his patients who having fully recovered their health, desire to make known their remedial agent. It will be seen their statements are fully authenticated by a Notary public.

The welfare of society imperiously demands their publicity, and they are given more to warn the unwary than to sound the praises of a Physician, of whom hundreds of like cases can be cited, during a practice of more than twenty years.

A CASE OF GLEET AND STRICTURE.

DR. DOHERTY—Dear Sir: I feel my health so fully restored that, in common gratitude, I believe I should make you some written acknowledgment, for your fee was small for the work performed.

I arrived in this city from the East about one year ago, and was then suffering from an old case of Gleet, complicated with Stricture. Being a stranger in the city, and believing that those doctors who gave such positive assurances of success were necessarily the best, I placed myself in their charge, and continued under their treatment until I had lost nearly all hope and a considerable sum of money.

I wish to say now that you are the sixth doctor I have employed, and the only one that has ever done me any service. My Gleet is wholly cured, the Stricture is all removed, and my general health is better than it has been for years.

In conclusion, I would say to the many unfortunates who require medical advice, if you have any doubt as to whom you should employ, ask DR. DOHERTY for my address and call and see me. (I keep a store in this city.) My experience may save you many dollars.

I would also add that in the early stage of my disease, I used a large amount of the preparations advertised as infallible cures for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, etc., but never derived any benefit from them.

I am, Doctor, very truly yours, [illegible]

San Francisco, June 15th, 1864.

subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day June, A. D., 1864.

(L. S.) A. S. GOULD, Notary Public.

SEMINAL WEAKNESS.—A SWORN-TO CERTIFICATE OF MOST REMARKABLE CURE OF SPERMATORRHŒA.

A desire to benefit suffering humanity, and a feeling of gratitude to DR. W. K. DOHERTY, alone induces me to make this statement. For many years I had been afflicted with that fearful disease known as "Spermatorrhœa" or Seminal weakness, the result of self-abuse, but till 1855 experienced but little trouble or inconvenience. In that year, however, I had Seminal weakness to a fearful extent, which was soon followed by the most alarming symptoms, as weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the head dimness of vision, nervousness and general debility. My mind, too, was affected to such an extent as to seriously impair my memory; my ideas were confused and spirits depressed. I was averse to society, had evil forebodings, and self-distrust, and was entirely unfitted for any of the duties of life. From 1855 to the summer of 1863, I employed the very best medical talent I could find, and spent several hundred dollars, but in no instance obtained more than temporary relief. I had about concluded there was no relief for me in this world, but reading DR. DOHERTY'S card I thought I should call and see him, as he charged nothing for consultation. I had an interview with the doctor at his office, in Sacramento street, and his fee for treatment was so reasonable, I determined to try him, though I did not expect much benefit from his treatment. On the fifth of December last I placed myself under his care; in one week I found myself very much improved; and now, after five weeks treatment, I feel thoroughly cured of all my troubles, and in the enjoyment of the best of health. Hoping that my experience may be of benefit to others similarly afflicted, I subscribe myself,

JAMES JOHNSTON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 15th day January, A. D., 1864.

(L. S.) A. G. RANDALL, Notary Public.

TO FEMALES.

When a female is enervated, or afflicted with disease, as weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the head, dimness of sight, loss of muscular power, palpitation of the heart, irritability, nervousness, extreme urinary difficulties, derangement of digestive functions, general debility, vaginitis, all diseases of the womb, hysteria, sterility, and all other diseases peculiar to females, she should go or write at once to the celebrated female doctor, W. K. DOHERTY, at his Medical Institute and consult him about her troubles and disease. The Doctor is effecting more cures than any other Physician in the State of California. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply immediately and save yourself from painful sufferings and premature death. All Married ladies whose delicate health or other circumstances prevent an increase in their families, should write or call at DR. W. K. DOHERTY'S Medical Institute, and they will receive every possible relief and help.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Patients male or female) residing in any part of the country however distant, who may desire the opinion and advice of Dr. Doherty in their respective cases, and who think proper to submit a written statement of such, in preference to holding a personal interview, are respectfully assured that their communications will be held most sacred. The Doctor is a regular graduate, and may be consulted with perfect confidence.

If the case be fully and candidly described, personal communication will be unnecessary, as instructions for diet, regimen, and the general treatment of the case itself (including the remedies,) will be forwarded without delay, and in such a manner as to convey no idea of the purport of the letter or parcel so transmitted.

Consultations at the office or by letter, FREE. Permanent cure guaranteed or no pay. Address,

W. K. DOHERTY, M. D.,
San Francisco, Cal.

SPERMATORRHŒA.

DR. DOHERTY has published an important pamphlet embodying his own views and experiences in relation to Impotency, or Virility, being a short treatise on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Nervous and Physical Debility consequent on this affection, and other diseases of the sexual organs.

This little work contains information of the utmost value to all, whether married or single, and will be sent FREE by mail on receipt of six cents in postage stamps for return postage. Address,

W. K. DOHERTY, M. D.,
jy4-tf San Francisco Cal.

Irish Literature.

We are deficient in many of the elements of a great nation's strength, but in no respect so disastrously as in the want of a national opinion. Without it there can never be a generous and cultivated patriotism. We see this effect in the contrast that Irishmen themselves are constantly drawing between what they are pleased to distinguish as practical and as sensational patriotism. Just as if the noblest feeling—next to religion—that can affect the heart of man should be divided and discounted with usurious accuracy. We have no hesitation in saying that many political movements of the last quarter of a century were powerless in consequence of having no public opinion to lean upon. What we will and resolve in our clubs and associations is unrecognized beyond them. Our resolutions may awake in some hearts an echo that will die away again, for they are without the authority of conviction. In England they are travestied, and when so changed they are combatted with dishonest logic. In Scotland they are held up to the laughter of that intelligent people, who call wit "weet," and into whose heads as Sydney Smyth said nothing short of a surgical operation could convey a joke.

There is but one way to form a national opinion, and that is to give the people a literature of their own. This was the plan adopted in the year 1843 by the founders of the *Nation*. It was not enough they thought, that there were already songs and ballads, Irish in sentiment and expression, and worthy of a place in a national anthology; that there were speeches worthy, by the greatness of their language and of their sentiments, of the best days of Grecian freedom:—this was not enough; they collected, edited, and annotated these poems and speeches and sent them to every fireside in the land as swift winged messengers of truth and justice—the prophets of a national regeneration. They knew that in a cultivated patriotism the permanent hope of a country lies—they knew it as well as English statecraft did the converse,

—"that never face to face beneath the sky
Could tyranny and knowledge meet but one of them must die."

Not only this, but they poured forth an unbounded tide of song during the brief period of their existence. They sang—those poets of young Ireland—from the depth of passionate hearts, that knew only the grace and glory of the world, like "the shepherd's boy who piped as though he never should be old," so that their songs have the force, energy, beauty and tenderness of all true poetry. The works of a short and fiery harvest, they are not all polished but we would not give the rough grandeur of the unpolished ones for the smartest versification that time and patience could produce. They are of priceless value to us, for somehow they seem to suggest more readily and directly the story of their composition, and of all that they represent. Altogether it must be admitted that Young Ireland did marvellous work for their time. There was nothing before them almost. The wealth of our old literature was still hurried in the great libraries at home and abroad. The matchless lyrics of Moore were matter for the polished classes of the court and capital rather than for the people. He looked more to the criticisms of the wits and beauties of the London drawingrooms than to the sympathy of his countrymen. In these charming lines he has himself expressed this very view—

"The stranger shall hear thy lament on his plains,
The sigh of thy harp shall be sent o'er the deep."

Of course he won for Ireland a sympathy and respect in quarters where they had never been felt before; and all through his long life he was faithful to her broken fortunes. We only mean to assert, what everybody must admit, that Moore's poetry can never be popular with any but a polished audience, and those for whom the Young Ireland poets were not a polished audience.

But to resume—there was in his day no life Irish nationality. There was, no doubt, a universal worship of O'Connell, and a belief in his teachings in consequence. There was a decided and reasonable but unreasoning hatred of England. The people were miserable; they had bitter and angry experiences, and all this was associated in their minds with English rule But they knew little or nothing of the long struggle of their fathers against that rule. They never heard mention of those names—now happily familiar to most Irishmen, that shall blaze in the firmament of fame, and will be the glory of our race for ever. They never heard of those deeds that are our brightest legacies bright not only to us but to all mankind, they so assert the dignity of human nature. To an Irishman of the past generation the name of Hugh O'Neil, whom Henry IV of France regarded as one of the greatest captains of the age, brought no emotion. Neither did that of his colleague, Hugh O'Donnell, who died broken hearted in Spain because he failed in getting aid for Ireland. How many other names might we mention which were unknown thirty or forty years ago. The names, for instance, of those officers in foreign service, who saved their pay to buy arms for a war at home—who only valued the skill they had acquired on every battle field of Europe for the good it might be some future day in that dear island to which their aspirations were ever flying. All this and more was taught by the bards of Young Ireland and we may say that we must have those lessons again taught, so that the young men in whom the hopes of the country rests will be worthy of the great trust that the future will call on them to fulfil.

We have emancipated ourselves from the thraldom of British ideas in politics. We have yet to accomplish this in arts and literature. At present no Irish painter or sculpter has a chance of honor until he has been branded with the London Hall mark. We doubt very much would Foley have been more successful than poor Hogan, if he had not sunk his country. We say this, for the Drunken Fawn, which Thorswaldsen described as a miracle of art, is still in plaster. It is the same with light literature. Our gentry and our people alike get their literature from England. Yet one would fancy that the countrymen of Carleton, Griffin, Banim and Lady Morgan might be able to gratify the literary taste which now finds enjoyment in the debauched tales of the cheap English journals, whose weakness is only equalled by their wickedness. But we should not dream of limiting the exercise of Irish talent to the cheaper journals. The very names we have mentioned show this. Carleton, although dealing with peasant life, has invested it, by the reality of his passion and the vividness of his language, with the dignity of tragedy. With regard to Gerald Griffin, who, we regret did not write far more than he did, we have no hesitation in saying that he was one of the foremost writers of fiction of his time. It would be idle for us to offer reasons for this opinion at the close of an article, which has been allowed to grow too long already.—We shall return to the subject, when we trust that our readers will have reason to believe that not only are there abundant materials for poetry and romance in the history and social life of their country: but that there are men capable of utilizing them, and who only wait the summons of a sympathizing public.—ROSSCOMMON?

IRISH DIRECTORY.

Third (Irish) Regiment, N. G. C.: Field and Staff Officers:—A. Wason, Colonel; M. C. Bateman, Lieutenant-Colonel; J. J. Conlin, Major; P. J. Tannian, Adjutant; W. Carey Quartermaster; J. D. Cusheon, Paymaster; James Barrett, Commissary; Dr. Green, Surgeon; Rev. Father Largan, Chaplain; Color-Bearer, John Gleason.

Co. A, Montgomery Guards; Captain, C. Quinn; First Lieutenant, W. Lee; Second Lieutenant, T. Bolster, drill in Armory Hall.

Co. B, Shields Guards; Captain, M. Flanagan; J. Hand First Lieutenant; P. McEleer, Second Lieutenant; drill in Hibernia Hall every Wednesday.

Co. C, Wolfe Tone Guards; Captain, J. Leddy; First Lieutenant, M. O'Brien; Second Lieutenant, John Byrne; drill in Armory Hall every Thursday.

Co. D, Meagher Guards; Captain, J. Eagan; D. T. Sullivan, First Lieutenant; D. J. Sullivan, Second Lieutenant; drill in Armory Hall.

Co. E, Emmet Life Guards; Captain, R. Clery; I. G. Hayden, First Lieutenant; H. Fowkes, Second Lieutenant; drill in Irish-American Hall every Thursday.

Co. H, MacMahon Guards; Captain, J. H. McMenomy; First Lieutenant, H. Casey; Second Lieutenant, E. F. Gleason; drill in Hall corner Sixth and Market every Tuesday.

Sarsfield Guards, (Independent); Captain, H. C. Bateman; First Lieutenant, S. C. Walsh; drill in Irish-American Hall, on Tuesdays.

Co. A, Legion of St Patrick; Captain, M. B. Hughes; drill in Hibernia Hall every Tuesday.

Hibernia Rifles; Captain, Thomas Desmond; First Lieutenant, M. J. Gaven; Second Lieutenant, John McGrath; First Sargeant, J. J. Carroll; Second Sergeant, J. B. Walsh; Third Sargeant, Thomas Flynn, drill in Irish-American Hall every Wednesday.

Jackson Dragoons; Captain, M. Gresny; E. McPhillips, First Lieutenant, T. W. Collins, Second Lieutenant; P. F. McGrath, Brevet Second Lieutenant. Drill in La Grande Armory every Friday.

Sons of the Emerald Isle—Meet first Wednesday of the month at Irish-American Hall. Nicholas Ennis, President; P. A. Dacey, V. P.; J. O'Brien, R. S.; P. S. Guerin, F. S.; J. Burke, C. S.; J. O'Connell, T.; Dr. Newell, corner Mission and New Montgomery, Physician.

Irish-Americans—Meet in Irish-American Hall. Joh Collins, President; T. McInerney, V. P.; J. O'Donnell, R. S.; M. J. McInerney, F. S.; J. Heany, C. S.; J. Grant, T.; Dr. Hutchings, 222 Post street, Physician.

Laborers' Protective and Benevolent Association—Meet first Friday of each month at Irish-American Hall. M. Sullivan, President; M. Callahan, Secretary.

St. Joseph's Temperance, L. and B. Association—Meet every Sunday at two o'clock P. M. Daniel MacSweeney, President; M. O'Brien Secretary.

St. Mary's Temperance and Literary Society—Meet every Sunday in the basement of St. Mary's Cathedral. J. Anderson, President.

Father Matthew Temperance Society—Meet every Sunday evening in Irish-American Hall. Henry Hall, President.

St. Joseph's Benevolent Society—Meet in basement of St Mary's Cathedral. J. R. Kelly, President; N. Winne, Secretary.

Irish Volunteers—Captain, T. Lynch; drill on Mondays.

Thomas F. Burke Circle, F. B—Centre, P. H. Lydon; Secretary, Thomas Kehoe.

A. O. H.—State Officers: M. Warde, S. D.; J. J. Donovan, S. S.

County Officers: M. J. Wrin, C. D.; J. F. Meagher, G. P.; J. T. Barry, G. V. P.; T. Drady, G. S.; P. Carr, G. A. S.; John Cooney, G. T.

Division No. 1.—Meet first Friday of the month at Hibernia Hall. J Barrett, President; J. M. Dwyer, V. P.; J. B. Harrington R. S.; M. Kelly, F. S.; C. Dillon, T.

Division No. 2.—Meet first Thursday of the month at Hibernia Hall. Wm. Simpson President; J. B. Oliver, V. P.; B. McDermott, R. S.; J. Reed, F. S.; M. McManomy, T.

Division No. 3.—Meet third Tuesday of the month at Charter Oak Hall. H. Gallagher, President; P. D. Ryan, V. P.; E. Herrick, F. S.; J. Gallagher, R. S; C. Farrelly, T.

Division No. 4.—Meet first and third Friday of the month at Irish-American Hall. J. Butler, President; J. H. Gilmore, V. P.; T. D. Sullivan, R. S.; T. Flanagan, F. S.; P. Kendrick, T.

Division 5.—Meet first Wednesday of the month at their Hall, Dolores Street. P. R. Hauna, President; B. Rierdon, V. P.; J. McGrath, R S.; P. Harrington, F. S.; John Kenny, T.

Division 6.—Meet second and fourth Friday of the month at Charter Oak Hall. M. C. Hassett, President, J. J. Desmond, V. P.; James P. Meagher, R. S.; E. R. Birmingham, F. S.; Thos. Donnelly, T.

Division 7.—Meet first Wednesday of the month at Riggers' and Stevedores' Hall, Pacific street. W. Higgins, President; J. W. Murphy V.P.; B. C. Mooney R. S.; J. Kelly, F.S.; J. O'Callaghan, T.

Division No. 8.—Meet at Tammany Hall. W. Gilleran, President; D. Coyne, V. P.; H. McClosky, F. S.; T. Flynn, R. S.; T. Laughlin, T.

SACRAMENTO COUNTY.—Division No. 1—M. V. O'Brien, C D; R. Hughes, P; P. J. Brown, V P; J. Cronin, R S; B. Lucy, F S; W. J. O'Brien, T.

Division No. 2—D. Flynn, P; J. Donovan, V P; J. Carroll, R S; B. J. Dowling, F S; M. Coffey, T.

SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY.—Division No. 1, (Stockton)—J. Ward, C D; J. A. Morisey, P; J. Murray, V P; J. McCarthy, R S; P. M. Darcy, F S; J. O. Donnell, T.

SOLANO COUNTY—Division No. 1, (Vallejo)—D. Bresnahan, C D; P. Kelly, P; J. Moran, V P. T. Welch, R S; J. Kennedy, F S; J. Goar, T.

ALAMEDA COUNTY—Division No. 1, (Oakland)—T. D. Cronin, C D; M. Fitzgerald, P.

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Division No. 2, (Santa Clara)—J. Cotter, P; P. H. Murphy, V P; J. Fitzpatrick, R S; J. Donovan, F S; T. Clarke, T.

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K. R. B. No. 3.—Meet every Friday at I. C. Hall.

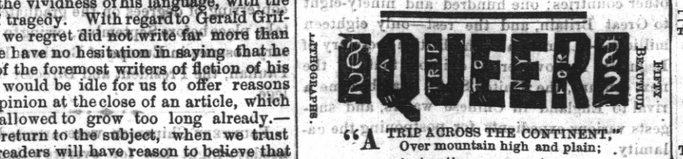
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We have started with the above as a beginning for what we intend to make a standing Directory for all the Irish Organizations, military and civic, on this Coast. To enable us to supply omissions, and to make the Directory full and satisfactory, we respectfully call on the Secretaries of the different Irish societies of the city and the State to forward us at once the names of their officers, the time and place of meeting, the date of their organization, and whatever other information they may deem important. We will publish all matters of importance without charge.



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Returning—Will leave foot of N Street, Sacramento, Every Wednesday and Saturday, at seven o'clock A. M., sharp, touching as Benicia, Rio Vista and Collinsville.

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PRICE—Fifty cents per pound.
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CORDAGE COMPANY.
[ESTABLISHED 1856.]
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Tarred Manila Rope.
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THE IRISH NATIONALIST.

SAN FRANCISCO, JULY 19, 1873.

"Who is abject enough to despair of the Cause of Right, and Truth, and Freedom?"

JOHN MITCHEL, Oct. 25th, 1853.

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J. J. LANE.....Nortonville, Contra Costa Co.
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NOTES.

SOME men are not thieves simply because they cannot lay their hands on enough to tempt them; others would steal the coppers from the eyes of a corpse. When people pass off our articles as their own we don't complain, for our bump of vanity is not largely developed; and, besides, what they take can't amount to much. This, however, is not our practice. What we take from other papers we credit them with. It appears this is an excess of honesty, for last week we credited the *Irish People* with a paragraph which was written with the scissors. The birdling was hatched in this section and came home to roost. It is a shortcoming in a "Saint" to be such a sinner. Our friend Sylvester should, therefore, hang up in his office a scroll reminding him of the Harold's Cross treadmill—"cease to do evil, and learn to do well."

THE ladies of San Francisco who so successfully carried out the project of presenting costly flags to the Irish Nationalists on St. Patrick's Day, lately took it into their patriotic hearts to invite their friends to a select and enjoyable picnic. An excursion to the University Grounds last Sunday and some hours of genuine pleasure and rare enjoyment were sufficient inducements to the gentlemen present to make them ready to attempt hereafter whatever the ladies may be pleased to order.

THE picnic and festival of the A. O. H., Division No. 2, were celebrated at the City Gardens on Sunday and Monday last. The Committee of Arrangements kept its promise of providing amply for the amusement and enjoyment of their friends, and of suppressing the first symptoms of disorder. The popularity of the Division was evident from the large number of friends that gathered around it, and from the pecuniary success of the festival.

MICHAEL CODY of Dublin, the ex-political prisoner about whom inquiry was made some weeks ago in the *Irishman*, after an unsuccessful fortune hunt, has returned from the Goolgong mines to Sydney. John Edward Kelly and Daniel J. Bradley are there also. Address M. Cody, 90 Market street, Sydney, New South Wales.

☞ PUBLISHING this week all the Irish news worth reading, our space for editorial matter is extremely limited, and we therefore propose to find out the efficacy of short articles. If we inserted half the things gratuitiously recommended—as, for example, the births, marriages and deaths which appear in the New York *Herald*—we should want for our paper eighty pages instead of eight.

THE SITUATION IN IRELAND.

The Lord Lieutenant and his underlings at the Castle, the landed aristocrats in palatial mansions built up and cemented by the sweat, and blood and tears of a plundered people, the red-coated soldiery in their barracks ready to sally forth and pour in shot and shell into the patriot's ranks, a servile herd of armed police at their stations to outdo the spy in spying, and the butcher in brutality, a numerous host of unnatural fanatics who trample on the land that bore them, and cling to a foreigner that despises them, a battalion of informers and legions of the base and cowardly are the pillars on which rests the framework of British power in Ireland. Against that power is arrayed in one formation or other the rest of the population. The Men of Action, the men who peer through the darkness for a ray of light and hope, who watch with keen glance for the coming upheaval of the soil on which European thrones are reared, who mournfully see the life-blood of the country streaming out oceanward with the emigrant ship, reproachfully turn to us here, and stretching out imploring hands across the Atlantic, ask us in tones which cannot be misunderstood, whether or not the millions of the Irish race now in the United States have lost the courage of their fathers and the affection of their mothers.

Briefly, if we are in earnest, if we hope to take advantage of the coming convulsion in Europe, if we would ever liberate our country we must take ACTION, immediate, energetic, and effective. We want the scattered elements of our strength bonded and cemented together: in short, we want a GRAND NATIONAL CONVENTION of delegates from all patriotic Irish organizations in the United States. Now, who has the power and the ability to organize it?

Shooting.

The Jackson Dragoons and the Montgomery Guards have distinguished themselves during the season by distancing all competitors at target practice; and therefore we should like them to pick out one or two who can handle the rifle as well and effectively as Miss Allen of Lake county. Having received permission from her father, the County Assessor, she began the celebration of the Fourth in this way: She put up a target, making a piece of card the size of a silver dollar do duty as bull's-eye. At a distance of eighty yards she commenced her rifle practice, and in rapid succession fired ten shots, all of them striking the bull's-eye. According to the *Lakeport Bee*, these shots make but a five-inch string. When Miss Allen grows up and has hit another mark, it will be prudent for her husband to be respectful and attentive.

IT is said that in a few weeks the headquarters of the C. P. R. R. will be removed from Sacramento to this city.

SUNDAY evening, a buggy was capsized on Fourth near Folsom. All hands lost. No one aboard but the horse.

When does a chair dislike you—When it can't bear you.

SPAIN.

It was in the course of things to be expected that, when the revolutionists of Spain took such action as would have dethroned Amadeo, had he not abdicated, there would ensue a period of turmoil and commotion. The proclamation of the Republic and its inevitable tendencies to sweep away class distinctions and privileges were repugnant to the aristocratic tastes of many of those nobles who are usually reckoned the proudest in Europe. They regarded life as unendurable unless it were brightened by the sunshine of a royal court. These and their adherents naturally became the partizans of Don Carlos or of Don Alphonso. The onslaughts made by the free-thinking radicals on ecclesiastical property drove many of the priests and bishops in the same direction. They have for centuries mixed up religion and politics in Spain, and as a result the influence and good repute of churchmen, in that country are not what they might be. Then there were the extremists, the ultra radicals who would level everything, and in their wild unreasoning way bring on a reign of anarchy and bloodshed. Taking all these into account, there remains the over whelming majority of the people to support the Federal Republic. Now, since the abdication of Amadeo, Spain has been undergoing a violent transition. Slavery has been abolished and other changes of scarcely less moment have been carried into effect. The Legislative Cortes laid down its powers, a constituent assembly was elected, and in the vast changes which are being carried out, the enemies of the Republic find their opportunity. This week we have accounts of local disturbances in different cities of the Peninsula, some of them on the part of the Internationals and others on the part of the Carlists. The riots of the former may be regarded as suppressed, and if the Spanish fleet ordered to the north-west succeed in excluding English blockade runners, the career of the latter will be short. Don Carlos, believing that there are ten thousand men at his command, has crossed the northern frontier, put on a flashy uniform, and say he'll fight to the last. The militant cure of Santa Cruz has declared in favor of a Republic, and therefore Don Carlos the invader declares him a rebel. Some victories are credited to the Carlists, but they must finally be overcome, for the reason that in this generation no other government than that of the Federal Republic is for any length of time possible in the country. And the great strength of Don Carlos consists in his profession of faith in a constitution so like it, that, even should he succeed in making his way to the throne, a great advance towards institutions purely republican shall be made.

GALLANT TIPPERARY.

The interesting and suggestive ceremony of presenting to the Sixty-ninth N. Y. Regiment, the flag sent out in charge of Mr. T. P. O'Connor of Laffana, by the patriotic ladies of Tipperary took place in Bellevue Park on the Fourth of July. Ten thousand persons thronged the grounds, and the utmost enthusiasm prevailed. A very natural anxiety to get a close view of this splendid testimonial to the well-proved gallantry of the 69th somewhat interfered with the military evolutions; but the situation was cheerfully accepted, and the celebration passed off as successfully as could be desired.

On the speaker's stand, along with Gen. George B. McClellen, were Gen. M. McMahon, Col. James Cavanagh, Gen. McIvor, Lieut. Col. Dempsey, Thomas Clarke Luby, O'Donovan Rossa, Dr. D. D. Mulcahy, Hon. William E. Robinson, Gen. Thomas F. Bourke, Thomas Francis Meagher, Jr: Doctors Power, Dwyne, O'Meagher and Nealis, Major D. P. Conyngham Col. John O'Mahoney, Capt. John McClure, Edward L. Carey, Lieut. Col. John A. Butler, Robert White, R. C. O'Neill, Col. John Whitehead Byron, Captain John Kiernan, Captain T. O'B. Costelloe, John McCarthy, and many others whose names the reporters of the *Irish American* was unable to obtain.

As soon as the regiment had drawn up in front of the stand, the "Flag of Tipperary:" which had been escorted to the ground by the "Irish Volunteers," under Col. J. W. Byron, was displayed, and was greeted with the most vehement cheering. The flag is a very handsome one of green, made of the richest Irish poplin, woven specially for the purpose, and embroidered richly with the "Harp and Sunburst" in gold. Over these is the inscription "Tipperary to the Sixty-ninth Regiment, N. G., S. N. Y." with the names of the battles in which the regiment figured. On either side are the shields of Ireland and America. On the head of the flag-staff is a veritable '98 pike, of the orthodox dimensions, richly plated in silver.

When the cheering which greeted the display of the flag had subsided. Colenel Cavanagh introduced General Mc Clellenby saying:—Officers and men of the Sixty-ninth Regiment, I have the honor to introduce to you our old commander, General George B. McClellen.

General McClellen wss greeted with tremendous cheers, as he stepped into view, and, after waiting for several minutes, until the applause had, in s measure, subsided, he smillingly bowed to the vast crowd, and spoke as follows:

My friends and comrades, before proceeding to the discharge of the duty I have undertaken, I must first thank you for this cordial welcome, and express my sincere gratification at the high compliment that has been paid me, in selecting me to present this banner, which has been sent as a present to the Sixty-ninth Regiment of New York, on the part of the people of the county of Tipperary, Ireland. This is a present sent by the Irishmen at home, as a mark of their appreciation, to the Irishmen and citizens of this country. The hour, and the time, and men, respectively, are well-selected. You have chosen the anniversary of the birthday of this nation—a nation that, from our earliest infancy ever extended her welcome to the exiles, and gave the right of citizenship which you, Irishmen, have sealed with your blood on many a well-fought field. And choosing such a day as this indicates that you receive these colors, not simply as Irishmen only, but as American citizens. That you, the Sixty-ninth Regiment, should be chosen to receive these colors is eminently proper. You are the oldest Irish Regiment in this country, and fairly represent—I was about to say *my* Irish Brigade of the Army of the Potomac,—by which Irish valor and military achievement were so fairly represented in our late war. Several of the regiments in that Army of the Potomac were Irish, and none were worthy of praise. There were the 37th New York Irish Rifles, the gallant 9th Massachusetts, but the "Irish Brigade" was throughout—officers and men—all Irishmen and always must be regarded as fairly and truly the representative Irish organization of our war—the worthy successor of that other "Old Brigade" of two hundred years ago, — of the men who hugging close their honor, leaving all else behind them,—preferred the toils and dangers of battle and the vicissitudes of a soldier's life to a home that had ceased to be a home for them. You are worthy successors of the old "Irish Brigade," and have well sustained the military reputation of the Irish race. And it is only fair and right that, having worthily sustained it, your countrymen at home should be proud of your record in our battles. In other days,—and even now, in other countries.—when a regiment receives the colors, an oath is often exacted from the officers and men, that they will remain true to them, and true to their cauntry for their lives. Fortunately for us, no cloud of war darkens the horizon, but, if we were at war, and I were presenting these colors to you, as I do to-day, even if such a custom was followed in this country, I would not exact such an oath from the Sixty-ninth Regiment, for I have seen it attest its loyalty by a bond stronger than an oath—that bond was the life-blood of many of its members. I would merely point to the past, and tell you to do as your comrades did; and I would ask no higher pledge than that. The last time I saw this green flag—or one like it—waving was on the bloody plain of Antietam, where on rushed the "Irish Brigade," with the green colors floating over them, advancing unhesitatingly over the open field, amidst the pealing roars of musketry and artillery, and none falling out save those who fell dead, or those who fell sorely wounded. Yes, on and on, that line moved, steadily advancing, until they gained the hill, which was defended by a stubborn foe; and when you carried the hill-side, you found the dead so thick there, that many afterwards said they thought the dead from the whole battle-field had been gathered there for burial. They were the gallant foe that you had conquered. I now present these colors, in the name of the people of Tipperary. I commit them to you, through your Colonel, asking no pledge of you that you will sustain your honor: merely saying that I know that, under all sacrifices, you will act at Irish troops have always acted, and that these colors will always wave as I saw them last on the field of Antietam; and I know no words to express more strongly the perfect confidence I have, that the Sixty-Ninth Regiment will always sustain the honor of their flag.

Col. James P. Cavanagh, on behalf of the regiment, responded in appropriate and eloquent terms. When the cheering which followed the Colonel's remarks had subsided, Mr. Miles O'Brien recited the "Flag of Tipperary," la poem by Mr. O'Callaghan, which we will publish next week. Altogether, the managers of this movement may be proud of their success.

THE TWELFTH OF JULY.

One of the most re-assuring signs of the progress which Ireland is making towards its re-establishment as a nation, is found in the fact that that day of exciting memories, the 12th of July, has this year passed over without the recurrence of any of those barbaric excesses which so long disgraced different sections of our native land, Londonderry, Enniskillen, and Belfast, as well as other places, honored themselves by retaining on that occasion their ordinary quiet and decorum. In this matter of letting the dead past bury its dead, our countrymen in the United States might with advantage imitate the moderation of those at home. The zealots of New York and Canada would, however, have their one-horse celebration, and we rejoice that the men who are opposed to Orangism and monarchy, showed sufficient good sense to make themselves conspicuous by their absence and forbearance.

It is pleasing to have to record that, though the State of New York can produce 700 men who are silly or bigoted enough, to transfer their religious feuds and besotted prejudices to American soil, yet there was no attempt made by the thousands insulted, to disturb the peace of the city on the occasion of the Orangemen's parade there on the July anniversary of an Irish battle fought one hundred and eighty-two years ago. Here is the telegraphic account of the procession, which shows the Orangemen to be numerically insignificant. Our Chinese celebrations beat them all hollow.

NEW YORK, July 12th—The Orange procession to-day started from Lafayette place at 10:40 A, M, with about 700 men in line, and a strong escort of police. There were seven lodges, each with the banners of the lodge, and some with the American flag. They had two bands, which played "Boyne Water" along Broadway up, and on the way back from Thirty-fourth street, "The Orange and Green will Carry the Day." From some eight or ten windows along the entire route ladies waived handkerchiefs. One man was arrested for disorderly conduct About 2,000 persons accompanied the procession, of whom there were some 300 Irish Protestant workingmen in their Sunday clothes, and about thirty or forty women, evidently relatives of the processionists. The Orangemen returned to their headquarters on Eighth avenue at one o'clock, without insult or molestation.

ONE of our country exchanges says: "Never were the effects of matrimony more terribly depicted than the other day, when a meek-eyed man who had been married about a year patrolled the village streets all day, trying to swop a meerschaum pipe for a second-hand cradle."

THE McMANUS TESTMIONIAL.

We are glad to be able to say that, from the interest taken in this laudable and necessary undertaking by a large number of our countrymen who honor worth and patriotism, apart from their surroundings, we are convinced that it will be, as it deserves to be, a complete success. It must be a gratifying reflection to Miss McManus that her friends are so numerous, and that they have been found ready to come forward with such a complimentary Address as that which we published last week. At the same time, we must call on the members of the Committee to be more prompt in attendance at the the Monday evening meetings, and to continue to put forth such energy in the matter as may worthily follow the enthusiasm with which it was first taken up. In making this Testimonial worthy alike of ourselves, and of the cause which it is intended to honor, we must use our qur best efforts, and employ our utmost influence, so that the number of participants may be as great as possible.

In reference to the claims of Miss McManus to the lands held by her deceased and lamented brother, we do not think it necessary to add anything to the following clear and simple statement which was elicited by the Address of the Irish Nationalists of San Francisco, above referred to, further than to express a hope that the decision in her case now before the Supreme Court may be such as will surround her declining years with all the comforts which wealth can bestow. We herewith give the letter in which Miss McManus testified her gratitude for the action taken in her regard:—

SAN FRANCISCO, July 10th, 1873.

FELLOW COUNTRYMEN:—I cannot remain silent or refrain from offering you my sincere thanks for your kindness in having the portrait of my brother, Terence Bellow McManus, painted by our excellent Artist, Joseph A. Harrington to benefit me. I feel it my duty to place before you the reason why I am in this city, and without means.

In the year of 1865 a friend of my brother's, who resided in this city communicated with me in Ireland, about my brother's estate here, and advised me to send out a power of Attorney to protect his land, which I complied with at once, but owing to some little informality in it, it could not take effect. The property was then put into the hands of the Public Administrator, J. W. Brumagin, who took out letters of Administration, and acted under them for a time, so far as to call in through the press all my brother's debts.

The land was taken up by my brother in 1853 and held by him up to the time of his death in January 1861, and he did all the law raquired of him to make his title perfect. I heard that my opponents stated that my brother came here without means, as if an escaped exile would bring anything with him; But as I owe that dead brother a duty, I have undertaken to write his life, which will prove to the Irish nation and her people throughout the world what he has done, sacrificed and suffered through his strong love for Ireland. I disposed of my home in that country, and arrived in this city in September 1866. without a shadow of a doubt, that I could have any difficulty in reclaiming my brothers land; but to my horror, I found that four men, who called themselves Irishmen, had got possession of the dead patriot's land shortly after his death. These men have circulated a report that when I first came here, they offered to compromise with me. This I declare to be untrue, I wrote to C. D. O'Sullivan, and Peter Donahue. Mr. O'Sullivan took no notice of my letter, but Mr. Donahue gave me an interview, and then told me he had no idea of taking up any of my brother's land, till P. Buckley called on him one Sunday evening, and asked him why he would not come and take up some of MacManus' land as there was no one for it. He then went on to say, I have got some of your brother's land, I do not know how much, but when you prove your title I will give you the land or what is equivalent to it. Since then, P. McAran called on these men for me, and they both refused to compromise.

It now devolves on me, in justice to my countrymen in this city, to give them the names of those men, who have caused me much suffering:—Peter Donahue, C. D. O'Sullivan, W. F. Cashman and John P. Buckley, deceased.

The Hon. Judge Hydenfeldt, Calhoun Benham, Esq., and Joseph H. Moore, Esq., took up my case and tried it in the Fourth District Court, before a jury, on the tenth of August, 1869. We proved our title, and my opponents then brought against me the law of limitation, and claimed that, according to the provisions of that law, I was five months too late; and on that one point it was sent to the Supreme Court, in January, 1870. Since then it has been argued three seperate times.

Allow me to thank you once more for the kindness you have shown the dead Patriot's sister, and believe me, gentlemen,

Yours very sincerely,
ISABELLA MCMANUS.

P. S.—In justice to Mr. Wm. F. Cashman, I will say that he is the only one of the parties holding possession of the McManus' lands who has ever even hinted a willingness to make a compromise, which he did for the first time about a year ago, although he has never made any offer. I. McM.

The Chinese Trade.

While spouters and high-falutin writers are eternally assuring us that the commerce of the Orient, the wealth of Ormuz and of Ind, and almost all of the trade of the Chinese Empire must pass through our own Golden Gate, let us descend from the realms of fancy, and for a moment come down to the consideration of the following figures: The foreign trade of China amounts to $230,000,000. Of this large sum fourteen millions go to Russia, Japan and other countries; one hundred and ninety-eight to Great Britain, and the rest—only eighteen millions—to America. The British Secretary of Legution is, however, of opinion that, in the next century, the United States may become a rival to England in Chinese waters, and suggests various expedients for postponing the calamity.

JAMES DEVITT, in a fit at the stair factory, Sixth and Brannan streets, fell down twenty feet, and was killed on Tuesday last.

LATE TELEGRAMS BOILED DOWN.

EX-SENATOR GRAHAM, late President of the Walkill National Bank, and who has been five months in jail for the misappropriation of funds has been released on bail.

CHOLERA is raging fearfully in Mount Vernon, Ind., and in consequence, business is almost altogether suspended. It has attacked Columbus, O., also.

ITALY, being threatened by France and Austria, is perfecting a new treaty of alliance with Germany. Poor Italy is shaken by earthquakes physical, moral, and political.

SPAIN. The troubles of the Republic thicken. The insurgeants in Carthagena are in a hopeless state of demoralization. The International Society of Barcelona is dissolved. The Church party wish the Carlists and Alphonsoists to combine. A Spanish squadron is ordered to the north-west to prevent the landing of arms and stores from English vessels. Don Carlos has re-entered Spain, and claims that he has all told 10,000 men under arms. He has declared the militant Cure of Santa Cruz a rebel. His power and influence are confined to the rugged highlands of the north.

THE MEXICAN CONGRESSIONAL ELECTIONS have passed off quietly, but the result is not yet exactly ascertained. It is believed to be favorable to the party in power. The Mexican government celebrated the Fourth of July in a spirit of enthusiastic friendliness.

YELLOW FEVER. Two fatal cases have occurred in New York aboard the City of Merida from Havana.

SUNSTROKE. There were seven fatal cases in New York City, on Wednesday.

THE INCREASE OF CHOLERA in Vienna is driving away hundreds of visitors from the Exhibition, and deterring thousands from appreciating it.

BRIGHAM YOUNG'S seventeenth wife, aged 30, has left him, and is going to sue for a divorce.

THE Archbishops of Paris and Rouen, and the Bishops of Orleans and Angers, constitute the Superior Council of public education in France.

OUR PLACES OF AMUSEMENT.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.—The great attraction at this house during the present week has been *David Garrick*. The usual liberality displayed by manager McCullough in securing first-class talent, though proverbial, is well exemplified by his engagement of Mr, Sothern. The expenses incurred have been enormous, and we are pleased to see that the public have duly appreciated this fact. The season commenced by Mr. Sothern has thus far proved the most successful of any ever given in California, and has necessitated his re-engagement for a short time longer. Those of our readers who have not seen Mr. Sothern should do so immediately, as his stay among us will now be necessarilly brief, as other stars of the first magnitude are booked for the boards of the California.

SHIEL'S OPERA HOUSE.—*The New Magdalen*, as presented at this cosy little theater, has proved a grand success. The air of comfort and ease prevading this theater renders a visit most pleasant, and accounts in some degree for the large and fashionable audiences which nightly throng it. The management evinces a determination to spare no expense to merit a continuance of the approbation now so universally accorded, and we confidently predict that their efforts will be successful. *The New Magdalen* is well presented, and should have a long run.

Police Seizures of Arms in Cork.

On June 25th eight rifles and four loaded revolvers were discovered concealed in an old ruin near Cork. The rifles were identified as those stolen from the Bandon militia the previous night. From the fact of the four revolvers having been also found, and these loaded, it is supposed they were weapons with which the robbers were armed. At a later period of the day the police discovered eighteen rifles and five packages of catridges under the flooring of a house occupied by a man named Herlishy, who has been arrested, together with three others, named Bartholomew and David Cashill and Timothy Connolly. It is since reported the eighteen rifles found in the house of Herlishy have been identified as those that were stolen two years ago from the barracks of the North Cork militia at Mallow.

Manhattan College.

The Brothers of the Christian schools, says the New York *Irish People*, stand high in the list of successful instructors, and are every year becoming better known and in the same degree appreciated. It is but a quarter of a century since they came to this great metropolis, and their mission since has been an eventful and a successful one. Manhattan College bears ample evidence of this, and if we may judge from the closing exercises, the Brothers may well feel proud of the progress, ability, and well-tried efficiency of the students who took part in the exercises. The "Commencement," and conferring of degrees on the graduates will not take place before September, owing to the necessary absence in Europe of Brothers Patrick and Paulian, the President and Director of the College.

FOURTEEN Chinamen were arrested on Wednesday night last for overcrowding sleeping apartments. On, Rodgers, on!

Motto for tea merchants—Honest tea is the best policy.

CITY NEWS OF THE WEEK.

THE funeral of Gen. Thos N. Cazneau, which took place on Sunday last, was one of the most imposing which have ever taken their mournful course through our streets. All of our citizen soldiery turned out to do honor to the memory of a good man gone, and the sidewalks were thronged as the procession wended its way to the grave. The comparatively sudden taking-off of the deceased, in the very acme of his usefulness, was a sad surprise to many of his friends, and expressions of sorrow and respect were heard on all sides, His body which lay in state at the First Regiment Armory, was visited by great numbers. The casket was covered with wreaths and flowers, and beside it were his military hat, sash and sword.

The casket containing the remains was borne from the armory to the hearse while the bands played solemn dirges. The brigade presented arms, and the guard of honor, composed of the McMahon Guard, of which deceased was formerly Captain, formed about the hearse.

The procession moved in the following order: Band, Brigadier General's staff, Third Regiment, Col. Wason commanding; Second Regiment, Lieut. Col, McCombe commanding; First Regiment, Col. Barnes in command; First California Guards with two pieces of artillery; cavalry, battalion, dismounted, Major O'Brien commanding. .The whole brigade marchedwith reversed arms and draped colors.

THE TEMPERANCE HALLS continue to attract crowded audiences on Sunday evenings. Jndging from the interest manifested, we gladly conclude that the movement is making satisfactory progress. Dr. Henry Gibbons stirred up the Legion by an able lecture on "Representative Brutes;" H. E. McBride delivered a radical address entitled the "coming conflict" before the Dashaways, said conflict being between labor and capital, the workers and the drones, the producers and the consumers. He laid down the doctrine that the land laws of England and Russia were contrary to nature and natare's God. Irish-American Hall has lately become altogether too small to accomodate the hosts of friends which gather round the Father Matthew Society. The lecture of Mrs. Dr. Carr on Social Reform deserved the applause it received. The recitation, however, of Shamus O'Brien by R. H. Kavanagh seemed to strike a chord nearer the heart of the audience, and to call forth all its enthusiasm. The vocal music was rendered in effective fashion, and after spending an agreeable hour, the men went home with clear heads and steady feet.

In some pre-historic period, a spade was a spade, and was so called but this is the time, and these are the days, when a spade is a spade no longer, It has become "a metallic agricultural instrument,." And in like manner, the simple language of the primitive Christians must be improved to suit the spread-eagle style of some of our fashionable preachers. One gentleman advertised for last Sunday a sermon under the sensational heading, "The Mechanics' Uproar." We have heard that the starting point was something about Demetrius, the silversmith, going through the streets of Ephesus airing a trade grievance he had; but that the preacher mixed things present and past, human and divine, in such a fashion that his hearers were at some loss to know how much of the discourse was religion and how much a newspaper article. Not being in the pious line ourselves, we are content with suggesting that the pulpit orators should give us the religion by itself, and at some convenient time afterwards give us the politics. We object to mixtures not well compounded.

THE BABIES. The arrangements for the baby show promise the public with an exhibition which will be worth while to visit. It is known that upwards of 200 mothers have entered their darlings, and the competition will prove close for every prize offered. The ages of the children must not exceed three years, nor be less than one month. One dollar is charged as entrance fee. Prizes are to be awarded to babies most distinguished in the following respects: The fatest, thinnest, handsomest, plainest, best dressed, loudest crier, sweetest smiler, smallest and largest foot and hand, and thickest head of hair. a prize each; alse, to the finest baby cloak, basket and carriage, and to the handsomest, youngest and eldest mother. Some of the fathers think they should have a "say" in the business; but the mothers having blocked that game, rule that the motion is out of order.

CONSIDERABLE excitement was caused on Monday at North Beach by a bear which escaped from his chain and began to forage about the neighborhood. One man was so frightened that he climbed a flagstaff to get out of the way. The animal finally jumped into the bay, and swam towards a small schooner, causing the men on board to take to the boat for safety. The bear was at last recovered and chained.

C. A. RUSSELL: The benevolent ladies who have been circulating the petition for the commutation of the sentence of death upon Charles A. Russell have succeeded in obtaining several hundreds of signatures, and the petition has been sent to the Governor. RUSSELL, whose nerves gave way after he received his sentence, is very much prostrated, but is able to converse with the friends who come to see him. His execution is fixed for the 26th. instant.

THE Supervisors have at length solved the question of awarding the contract for furnishing supplies for the Almshouse and Hospital, which has been a fruitful source of discussion for weeks. They segregated the bids, awarding the contract for each article to the lowest bidder.

CAPTAIN R. WATERMAN, Government Inspector of Hulls, while at the Hunter's Point Dry Dock Wednesday morning inspecting a vessel on the stocks, received a very serious and painful injury by the falling of a heavy timber which struck him on the head, and rendered him insensible for some time. A *Chronicle* reporter pays the captain a very doubtful compliment when he says that only for the extreme hardness and thickness of his skull, the unfortunate gentleman would have furnished material for a Stillman controversy.

THE Spring Valley Company preferred a claim of $92,000 against the city, for the past, and $2,400 per month for the future, This sum the Mayor and Board of Supervisors ordered paid, but the Auditor, Munroe Ashbury, sustained by Attorney Burnett, refused payment, and the matter went before the courts, The Supreme Court now gives its decision that the city is entitled to water free for municipal purposes; and that therefore the auditor was right and the Supervisors wrong.

FRANK MAYO who made his debut on the dramatic stage at the old American Theater in this city has arrived, to suceed Mr. Sothern at the California Theater, Mr. Mayo who is eminent in his profession, has a host of enthusiastic friends in this city. In consequence of Sothern's re-engagement he will not appear in his new play of Davy Crockett as soon as expected.

WE notice an increase of the genus bummer. The bummer is a specimen *per se*. He invariably bewails the close of the faro banks as the cause of his misfortunes, and is described by Buffon as "an animal that stays up all night to save bed hire, and sleeps all day to obviate paying for meals." That isn't ours; we found it sticking out of a *Post*.

THE Board of Supervisors on Monday evening received an invitation from the owners of the trotters "Ella Lewis" and "Sam Purdy" to attend the race at Agricultural Park next Saturday. The invitation was unamiously accepted on motion of Mr. McCarty. The Supervisors may not be good administrators of municipal affairs, but some of them are first-class judges of horse-flesh.

EDWARD J. ROBERTS of the Twelfth Infantry. is a man who knows how to jump. Buoyed up by benzine on Tuesday evening, he stepped down three stories from a window in the What Cheer House, and after finding where he was walked around the block for another cocktail.

THE men who belong to the N. G. C. and who failed to parade when ordered are to be mulcted in future. As a beginning of the business, James McGlone of the First Regiment has been fined $5 and made endure a reprimand, for not putting on his uniform on the glorious Fourth.

ST. JOSEPH'S Sunday School and Library Association have elected these officers: President (re-elected), M. M. Warde; Vice-President; Miss O'Donnell; Secretary (re-elected), C. Flanagan; Treasurer (re-elected), J. McCarty; Librarian, Miss L. Martin.

JOEL H. MANSFIELD who has been in the County Jail over a year for shooting Miss Hein, was discharged from custody, the District Attorney despairing of being able to convict him.

MR. LICK who some time ago donated a lot of fine property to the California Pioneers, has geuerously removed all restrictions as to its use except that the buildings shall not be used for religious and political purposes. We strongly incline to Mr. Lick's persuasion.

HERE is a specimen of San Francisco property and its value. Richard Hennessy bought yesterday of B. Pinean a lot on the south side of Pine street, between Montgomery and Kearny, 22 feet 11 inches front by 137½ feet in depth with improvements. The price is $21,000.

OFFICERS Rogers and Woodruff hustled nineteen sleeping Chinamen out of crowded quarters on Washington street at 10 o'clock on Sunday night, and packed them still more closely in the cells of the City Prison.

His Excellency Yoshida Kinyonrri, Japanese Vice Minister of Einance and Special Commissioner to the United States and Europe, with a full corps of Secretaries and attendants, is at the Grand Hotel.

HORATAIUS C. ROBERTS, formerly a collector for J. W. W. Brown, a Third street butcher, is wanted on a charge of embezzling $600 of Brown's money. He is supposed to be rusticating in Marin county.

MISS FLORENCE COHN was run over at the crossing of Fifth and Market streets on Wednesday last by one of Woodwards' one-horse cars. Luckily she received no injury more severe than a slight scalp wound and a bruised arm.

THE dress which the Goddess of Liberty wore on the Fourth, is set down in the bill at $150, though the auditing committee think that fifty dollars without the hundred would be an overcharge.

THE Mayor has signed the order permitting the Southern Pacific Railroad to run out their track into deep water, so as to bring ships and cars together.

JOE MURPHY the well known and favorite minstrel, is announced to appear in this city next month, and open with a full company for a brief season at Platt's Hall.

THE Mint will coin $3,000,000 in the coming month. We shall have the new silver dollars soon, and that will be a great convenience to business people.

THE Ladies' Fair in aid of the orphans at San Rafael has met with a fair share of success.

M. COONEY was admitted on Tuesday last to practise in the United States District Court.

NOTICE.

The shareholders of the NATIONALIST PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY are hereby notified that an additional Assessment of twenty-five per cent. on the stock held by them has been levied, and is now due. By order

DANIEL SWEENEY, President.
P. HOLLAND, Secretary *pro tem.*

San Francisco, July 16th, 1873.

NOTICE.

MR. R. D. PITT, having tendered his resignation, and the same having been accepted, ceases from and after this date to be connected with the IRISH NATIONALIST as Business Manager.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

X. TWIABA X.

THE WHITE SAGE.—A new preparation is offered to the public for the restoration of the hair by Dr. L. Terry, 323 Third street, and from the great number of testimonials published by prominent citizens of Elko, Nevada, of its efficacy in giving strength to the hair, and the speedy return of it to those who have been bald, oblige us to look upon it with more favor than the thousand other preparations already in the market. The *Elko Independent* says: "A decoction of White Sage will accomplish more in restoring bald heads, fastening falling hair, and renovating and giving healthy action to the scalp, than a whole store of the usual remedies advertised for that purpose. Hundreds now in Nevada can testify to this fact, and a trial will convince any doubting Joseph that what we say of it in this respect will be borne out by results, if he will give it a fair trial." If such is the case, the Doctor will reap a rich harvest, for no other city can boast of as many bald-headed people as San Francisco. The medicine can be obtained from every druggist. None genuine without the signature of L. TERRY, M, D., on the outside of the wrapper. HEATHFIELD, BOGEL & Co., General Agents. Sole Distiller, DR. L. TERRY, Elko, Nevada.

SPECIAL NOTICE—.An article that will firmly mend Furniture, Crockery, Glasswase, Statuary, Meerschaum, Dolls, Toys, Leather, and all ordinary household articles likely to be broken, is as dispensable as it is valuable. These requisites are to be found in the well known GIANT CEMENT, which is put up in tin cans only. It invariably gives satisfaction, and is now for sale by druggists, stationers, grocers, and the Giant Cement Company, No. 417 Washington street (opposite the Post Office) San Francisco. *

DRINK FOR THE THIRSTY.—When one feels the need of moistening the clay without poisoning it, or running the risk of falling into low society, it is often a puzzle to know which of the thousand and one wine-houses to patronize. Without saying a word in depreciation of other respectably-conducted establishments, it is only just to observe that our next door neighbor, P. F. Brady, late of the firm of Brady & Neely, 713 Howard street, has fitted up the La Grande Exchange, 610 Market street and No. 11 Post street (opposite the Masonic Temple) in a style which does credit to his taste. The La Grande affords the advantages of the quiet club without the drawbacks of the saloon. For excellence of foreign wines and liquors, and for the perfection of native "fixins," to say nothing of the attentive courtesy of Mr. Brady, we do not think it can be surpassed. *

PICTURES.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that our friends Kenny & Co. have taken and fitted up in superb style a large store in the new hotel building corner of Fifth and Market streets. They have lately returned from the East, bringing with them a large and well-assorted stock of pictures of more than common style of art. Their lengthened experience in the trade has enabled them to offer superior drawings, chromos, prints, and framed pictures at a moderate rate. They have now on exhibition pictures of a hundred classes and representative of scenery and life in all climes. When inspecting their varied stock, we naturally gave most attention to what was Irish. We found the Giant's Causeway, Vale of Avoca, Lakes of Killarney and other familiar places as they should be, as well as several delineations of muscular Christianity, which should be seen to be appreciated. *

New Advertisements.

CALIFORNIA THEATRE.

MR. JOHN McCULLOUGH.....Proprietor and Manager

This (Saturday) Evening, July 19,

Mr. Sothern

Will appear in his original part of

DAVID GARRICK!

MR SOUTHERN retaining his original part of DAVID GARRICK, as represented by him for over two hundred nights, at the Haymarket Theater, London, and for ninety-six consecutive nights, at Wallack's Theater, New York.

This Afternoon. July 19th,

"David Garrick" Matinee.

SHIEL'S OPERA HOUSE.

BUSH STREET, ...(Bet. Kearny and Montgomery.)

A. M. GRAY & Co.....Lessees
R. G. MARSH.....Stage Manager
CHAS. CAROLAN.....Treasurer
W. H. SMITH.....Business Manager

Saturday, July 19, 1863.

THIS DAYS MATINEE,

THE NEW MAGDALEN!!

Julian Gray, - - - Mr. FRANK ROCHE
Mercy Merrick, - - Miss BELLE BATEMAN

This Saturday Evening,

THE NEW MAGDALEN!!!

Prices of Admission—Dress Circle and Parquet, $1. No extra charge for secured seats. Family Circle, 50 cents.

Michael Moore,

Dealer in

Wines, Liquors and Cigars,

133 THIRD STREET. jly 19-tf

NOAH F. FLOOD, LAW OFFICE.—No. 606 Clay Street, SAN FRANCISCO. jly5-tf

New Advertisements.

John Leddy,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

BOOTS AND SHOES,

120 FOURTH ST., (corner of Minna.)

Men's Boots	from	$2 50	to $4 00
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DRESSMAKING—For sale—Handsome store; lots of steady work; sell at a great bargain; owner going East. Apply to
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450 LAUNDRY FOR SALE—The New England Laundry, with fixtures, horse, splendid wagon and a business established for over fourteen years; well located on Brannan street, between Fifth and Sixth; sell at a positive sacrifice on account of the death of the late proprietress. Apply to
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BALLADS FOR THE PEOPLE.

MICHAEL DWYER.

T. D. SULLIVAN.

At length brave Michael Dwyer, and his undaunted men,
Were scented o'er the mountains, and tracked into the glen.
The stealthy soldiers followed, with ready blade and ball,
And swore to trap the outlaw that night in wild Emall.†

They prowled about the valley, and toward the dawn of day,
Discovered where the faithful and fearless heroes lay;
Around the little cottage they formed in a ring,
And called out "Michael Dwyer! Surrender to the king!"

Thus answered Michael Dwyer—"Into this house we came
Unasked by those who own it; they cannot be to blame;
Then let those guiltless people, unquestioned pass you through,
And when they're passed in safety, I'll tell you what we'll do."

'Twas done.—"And now," said Dwyer, "your work you may begin;
You are a hundred outside, we're only four within;
We've heard your haughty summons, and this is our reply—
We're true United Irishman, we'll fight until we die."

Then burst the war's red lightning, then poured the leaden rain;
The hills around re-echoed, the thunder peals again;
The soldiers falling round him, brave Dwyer sees with pride;
But ah! one gallant comrade is wounded by his side.

Yet there are three remaining, good battle still to do;
Their hands are strong and steady, their aim is quick and true—
But hark that furious shouting the savage soldiers raise!
The house is fired around them!—the roof is in a blaze!

And brighter every moment the lurid flame arose,
And louder swelled the laughter and cheering of their foes;
Then spake the brave M'Alister, the weak and wounded man,
"You can escape, my comrades, and this shall be your plan:—

"Place in my hands a musket, then lie upon the floor,
I'll stand before the soldiers and open wide the door;
They'll pour into my bosom the fire of their array,
Then while their guns are empty, dash through them and away!"

He stood before the foemen, revealed amidst the flames;
From out their levelled pieces the wished-for volley came;
Up sprang the three survivors, for whom the hero died,
But only Michael Dwyer burst through the ranks outside.

He baffled his pursuers, who followed like the wind,
And swam the river Slaney, and left them far behind;
But many a scarlet soldier he promised soon should fall,
For those his gallant comrades who died in wild Emall.

† The Glen of Emall (Imaile) in the county of Wicklow.

FAREWELL TO PLEASANT ERINN.

From the Irish of Geardoit Nuinsionn (Garret Nugent.

GEORGE SIGERSON.

[This "Farewell," so full of pathos, tenderly and nobly expressed, is even more touching from the fact of its having been composed by the author in the barque which was bearing him to exile, and when the plains and mountains of his own beloved isle were departing from his sight. The bard was one of those who became "more Irish than the Irish themselves," and was forced to flee in the gloomy days of Elizabeth—in the days of MULLACHMAST.

'Tis tearful to pass from the Hills of Fail—
'Tis grief to leave Erinn's meads—
The odorous peaks of the gay, gold bees!
The Isle of the bounding steeds!

But though far my course o'er the easterly sea,
And turned from Fiontan's strand,
My heart, on this journey, if leaveth me—
Nought is dear but my Erinn's Land!

O, Land of the rich fruit-bended trees!
O, Land of the green, green plains!
Old dewy and fragrant country of In.
Of the branches and golden grains!

O, Isle of the Knightly, Isle of Saints!
O, Banba of beautiful maids!
O, Land of the blue—the clear leaping streams,
Of the gold-deeded champions' blades!

If blessed by GOD be my heart's dear hope,
I'll see thee once more FATHER-LAND!
But I ne'er could wish from the Shannon
the butcher in brutality, a numerous host of unnatural fanatics who trample on the land that bore them, and cling to a foreigner that despises them, a battalion of informers and legions of the base and cowardly are the pillars on which rests the framework of British power in Ireland.
Brave youths of Dun Darvies† to you!
O, Meath who art noblest! O, country of song!
Once, Land of the Free—Adieu.

Ireland is signified by the different appellations of—"Fiotan," "Banba"—"In."
*Delvin—County Westmeath. †Darveis—Meath.

Civilization and Captain Jack.

The first evidence given us that the Modocs have felt the influence of civilization is Captain Jack's explanation of the hand he took in the recent Lava Bed troubles. Now the untutored savage of olden times would have maintained a dignified silence in the presence of his captors or simply remarked, "I did it with my little hatchet—I am prepared to die;" and wrapping his robe around him he would have received his death wound with stolid indifference, and died chanting the war song of his nation. But Captain Jack has given up all such foolish ideas of Indian etiquette and has adopted the civilized dodge, and says, "Now, look here, boys, a joke's a joke," but this has gone far enough. You can't play this on me. Never saw General Canby; don't know him. When he got killed I was trying to stop the row, that was all. Always did like the whites anyhow, and tried to help 'em along. Never stole anything in my life; always bought it and came down with the coin like a man. The fellows were trying to kick up a disturbance, but I wasn't. Never shot off a gun during the whole fight; 'pon honor I didn't. You see I ain't the man you are looking after at all. Now just ask the boys and see if I ever told a lie in my life. I wouldn't tell a lie to be President of the whole United States." If the authorities don't swallow Jack's explanation, he will have to fall back on the insanity dodge.—*News Letter.*

THE RISING OF '98,

With an Account of the Volunteers, French Alliances, and Expeditions.

"REBELLION! foul dishonoring word!
Whose wrongful blight so oft has stained
The holiest cause that tongue or sword
Of mortal ever lost or gained—
How many a spirit, born to bless,
Has sunk beneath that withering name,
Whom but a day's—an hour's success—
Had wafted to eternal fame."

MOORE.

INTRODUCTION.

The past destiny of Ireland would appear to resemble that of her mother country Spain, and, unless the Irish have degenerated from their Milesian or Spanish sires, why should not their future efforts to recover their liberties be finally crowned with the same success as those of the Spaniards? It has been said that the Irish are an imaginative people, and that it is the genius of the Celtic race "always to hope and never to despair." The natural character of the French and Irish, who are both Celtic nations, proves that they can preserve an easy philosophic gaiety, and spirit of content under circumstances which would sink the gloomy Teuton to a state of absolute hopelessness, if not drive him to commit suicide. And what is there, we should be glad to know, in the condition of Ireland, to despair of. Suppose the marriage beds and cradles of Ireland have not yet sent forth the race why are to rule the island. What then?—are we to despair? Certainly not. If with Moses we are not fated to enter on the promised land, then let us produce another race, who, led on by a victorious young Joshua, will partake of the good inheritance.

Even allowing, what indeed is not at all probable, that Ourselves alone, our children, or children's children, are not fated to enjoy "man's greatest earthly blessing—Liberty," still we maintain that the Irish would indeed be all their English enemies accuse them of being—a base, inferior, degenerate, brawling, cowardly slavish crew—if they ever despaired of that glorious old struggle handed down to them by their heroic ancestors; a struggle which must finally end in the restoration of Ireland to her natural, ancient, and honorable condition of an independant nation. If we Irish always bear in mind the history of Spain, we will clearly see that there is no sound reason why our struggles with the English should not terminate as gloriously as that of the Spaniards with the Mahommedan or Moorish invaders of Spain.

The commencement of the misfortunes of Spain and Ireland bears a strong analogy in many respects. Shall the termination be similar in the case of Ireland?—Time will tell. In 711 the Mahommedan invaders of Spain, being invited in by treachery, landed from Africa, encountered Roderic king of Spain, at Xeres, defeated him, and overran all Spain. The native Spaniards, although either driven into the mountains of Gallicia and Asturias, in the extreme north of Spain, or reduced to subjection, never despaired of again becoming masters in their own country; and getting rid of their foreign conquerors. After a long and memorable struggle of 780 years, the persevering Spaniards at length prevailed, and ended the contest of centuries, by planting their victorious banners on the Moorish towers of Grenada, in 1491.

The English invaders, having been also invited in by treachery, landed in our country in 1169, defeated Roderic O'Connor, the king of Ireland, and overran the greatest part of the kingdom. Since that event 700 years have rolled over, and the hereditary contest between the native Irish and foreign English still continues undecided. Why, then, should the Irish despair, when they are told that (although the English are here long enough, God knows!) the Mahommedans preserved their dominion in Spain 80 years longer than the English have yet ary took place in Belevue Park on the Fourth of July. Ten thousand persons thronged the grounds, and the utmost enthusiasm prevailed. A very natural anxiety to get a close view of this splendid testimonial to the well-proved gallantry of the 69th somewhat interfered with the military evolutions; but the situation was than the English Catholic or Protestant tyrants did to the oppressed Irish.

The Spanish Christians have never been able to upbraid the Mahommedans with forging such an infernal inhuman code of laws as the penal code, which England composed for the Catholic Irish. Nothing can more strongly prove how natural it is for men to govern their own country, under God alone, than this fact, that the language and feelings of patriots are the same in all ages and nations, no matter how distant. Thus, if we look back to the beginning of the fourteenth century, we find Donald O'Neill, king of Ulster, when addressing Pope John XXII. in a letter, using language precisely similar to what might be used by the Irish of our own day, if a tussle was going on between the two nations. The Irish of that time, being naturally sick of English tyranny, resolved to drive those foreigners entirely out of the island, just as their ancestors has expelled the Danes, and they accordingly invited in Edward Bruce, king of Scotland, whom they crowned king of all Ireland. In the above letter of O'Neill, which contains a statement of the crimes committed by the criminal English invaders against the innocent Irish natives, we find the following passage, which, we must confess, contains far manlier, more noble, and juster sentiments than are met with in any of those innumerable verbose and unintelligible documents manufactured by the lawyers of the present day. "We," say this honest intelligible Irish manifesto of the fourteenth century, "cherish at the bottom of our hearts, an inveterate hatred, produced by lengthened recollections of injustice—by the murder of our fathers, brothers, and nearest kindred, and which will not be extinguished in our time, nor that of our children; so that as long as we have life, we will FIGHT AGAINST THEM, without regret or remorse, in defence of OUR RIGHTS. We will not cease to fight against and annoy them, until the day when they themselves, for want of power, shall have ceased to do us harm, and the Supreme Judge shall have taken just vengeance on their crimes; which we firmly believe will sooner or later come to pass. Until then we will MAKE WAR UPON THEM UNTO DEATH, TO RECOVER THAT INDEPENDENCE WHICH IS OUR NATURAL RIGHT; being compelled thereto by very necessity, and willing rather to brave danger like men, than to languish under insult."

The celebrated French historian Thierry, when commenting on these noble sentiments of the king of Ulster and the Irish princes, writes as follows:—"This promise of war unto death, made upwards of 400 years ago, is not yet forgotten; and it is a melancholy fact, but worthy of remark, that in our own days," alluding to 1798, "blood has flowed in Ireland on account of the old quarrel of the conquest. The period in futurity when this quarrel shall be terminated, it is impossible to forsee; an aversion for England, its government, its manners, and its language, is still the native passion of the Irish race. From the day of the invasion, the will of that race of men has been constantly opposed to the will of its masters; it has detested what they have loved, and loved what they have detested. * * * This unconquerable obstinacy, this lengthened remembrance of departed liberty, this faculty of preserving and nourishing through ages of physical misery and suffering, the thought of that which is no more—of never despairing of a constantly vanquished cause for which many generations have successfully and in vain perished, in the field and by the executioner—is perhaps the most extraordinary and the greatest example that a people has ever yet given." "In this tenacious attachment," says Mr. O'Callaghan, author of the Green Book, "to past national recollections and ardent belief in ultimate political regeneration, even under the most depressing circumstances, the Irish may be classed with the ancient Messenians, the Jews, the modern Greeks, and the heroic Poles." The possibility of exterminating such a magnificent people, such a persevering race of men, has been, after repeated efforts, long since abandoned in despair by the unnatural English enemy.

It becomes us as good Irishmen to think of the martyrs of by-gone days, and that good old cause for which Fitzgerald bled and Emmet died. Before we begin the Rising of '98, we must say a few words of the previous history of Ireland. The English enemy invaded our Island in 1169, still the Irish were not reduced to the degrading condition of subjects, till long after. Towards the end of the sixteenth century, or above 400 years after the foreign invasion, Ireland was crushed—not by what some imaginative writers describe on paper as the power of England—but really by their own divisions, which is proved by this one fact alone, that the armies of England serving in Ireland in Elizabeth Tudor's reign, were composed chiefly of Irish Catholics. Down to the end of Elizabeth's reign, or 1603, the Irish still preserved all the character of a separate nation—Irish language, dress, manners, with chiefs, bards, brehons, galloglasses, kerns, etc. All this was put an end to by James Stuart, a Scotchman, who succeeded Elizabeth, and brought the proud Irish under a foreign yoke for the first time.

Not being accustomed to be absolute slaves under foreign tyrants, it was no wonder that the Irish endeavoured repeatedly to shake off the English yoke. Britain has been conquered in succession by the Romans, Saxons, Danes, and ish next week. Altogether, the managers of this movement may be proud of their success.

THE TWELFTH OF JULY.

One of the most re-assuring signs of the progress which Ireland is making towards its part wtih James II., king of England, were involved in war with the Dutch and English. This war, having lasted from 1688 to 1691. was concluded by a solemn treaty, signed at Limerick, in October 1691.

[To be Continued.]

Worship of "Nobility."

A Teutonic citizen of Brooklyn, named Schneider, has been enjoying the pleasant acquaintanceship of a Countess, for a year or so, and has just found out that he is not happy. It was during the Franco Prussian war that the Countess Antonio Oetel engaged lodgings in Brooklyn, and set up a sort of petty court in her boarding house. Her husband, the Count, had been killed in battle, and the Prussian Government had voted the widow 18,000 thalers There was no doubt about this, Mr. William Schneider had known the Count and all his connections, and the Countess confidentially showed him the letters and documents. The Government was a little short of money, or was slow to pay, and the Countess had to call on some friend. Schneider was the man, and he lent it willingly on the credit of the Government and the good faith of the Conntess. So matters went on until a few days ago, when a Brooklyn justice committed the Countess Antonio Oetel to jail, on the charge of swindling Mr. Schneider out of $347, by means of forged letters and all other kinds of false pretences, Schneider is now doubtful whether he ever knew the Count, but he knows he knows the Countess.

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de4-tf

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Junction of Montgomery, Post and Market Streets.
JOHN STRATMAN.....PUBLICAN.
ap5-tf

T. P. WALL,
Cosmopolitan Sample Rooms,
No. 50 Third Street,
patriot's land shortly after his death. These men have circulated a report that when I first came here, they offered to compromise with me. This I declare to be untrue. I wrote to C. D. O'Sullivan, and Peter Donahue. Mr. O'Sullivan took no notice of my letter, but Mr. Donahue gave me an interview, and then told me he had no idea of taking up any of my
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The West.
Wholly devoted to the development of the West; published Monthly.....$1 00 per Year.
MARKET REVIEW.
In Letter-Sheet Form for merchants; published weekly. $5 00 per Year.
THE DIAL.
The only Sabbath School paper on the Pacific Coast published Semi-Monthly....25 Cents per Year.
We do all the work of the PACIFIC NEWSPAPER PUBLISHING CO., embracing some Twenty-five weekly papers.
OUR PRESSWORK is acknowledged to be the best in the city. ap12-tf

P. J. THOMAS. THEO. KULL. FRANK MAHON. WM. M. HINTON.
Cosmopolitan Printing Company.
No. 505 CLAY STREET,
N. W. corner Clay and Sansome.....SAN FRANCISCO.
Printing of Every Description Neatly and Cheaply done.
Billheads.....$3 to $4 per 1000.
Cards.....$2 50 and Upwards.
mh9-tf

HATS AND CAPS.
C. J. COLLINS.
HATTER.
NO. 321 MONTGOMERY STREET, NEAR California Street, under the I. O. O. F. Hall. Masonic, Army and Navy Goods a Speciality. jy4-tf

Wm. McNamara,
PRACTICAL
Silk and Fur Hatter.
No. 916 Market street (opposite St. Ignatius Church), San Francisco.
A large and well selected assortment of the latest styles of Gentlemen's Hats sold at the most reasonable prices. Old Felt Hats renovated, and old Silk Hats made fashionable. mh151m

WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKERS.
Jackson Michigan Wagon.

The largest assortment on this coast now in store and for sale very low—all Wagons warranted for two years.
J. D. ARTHUR & SON.
Corner of California and Davis Streets, San Francisco. jy4-tf

C. McARRON. JOS. SOPHEY.
McAron & Sophey,
Carriage Manufactory and Warerooms, Nos. 820 & 822 Folsom Street, between Fourth and Fifth, San Francisco. Make to order all kinds of Carriages and Buggy Work, Express and Thoroughbrace Wagons and Stage Work. A general assortment of New and Second-hand Wagons on hand. Jobbing done with neatness and dispatch. jy4-tf

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BLACKSMITHS, CARRIAGE AND WAGON MAKERS.
JOBBING of every description executed with dispatch in a workmanlike manner.
Nos. 654, 656 & 658 Howard st., near Third, San Francisco. jy4-tf

P. E. M'MURRAY. D. HURLY.
M'Murray & Hurly
for the boards of the California.

SHIEL'S OPERA HOUSE.—*The New Magdalen*, as presented at this cosy little theater, has proved a grand success. The air of comfort and ease prevading this theater renders a visit most pleasant, and accounts in some degree for [illegible] scriptions for sale. Particular attention paid to country orders. my10-tf

GUNSMITHS.
Nathaniel Curry & Brother,
....IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN....
SHOT GUNS, RIFLES and Pistols
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Have constantly on hand, Henry's, Spencer's, Sharp's and Colt's Repeating Rifles. Also, Cartridges of every description.
No. 113 Sansome Street,
Between Pine and Bush.....SAN FRANCISCO.
N. B.—Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast for the Sale of the genuine Deringer Pistols. Repairing of every description done in the neatest manner, and warranted. my24-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.
Dr. J. B. Pinchard's
APPARATUS AND COMPOUND,
FOR the cure of Asthma, Bronchitis, Lung, Fever and Heart Diseases, and all Diseases of the Respiratory Organs. Patented December 14, 1872. Office, southeast corner Market and Second. Office hours, 10 A M to 12 M 2 to 4 P M and 6 to 7 P M. References given. je 28-t
CRAIC & FRAWLEY,
Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting.
No. 917 Market Street, between Fifth and Sixth. (opposite Mason Street).....SAN FRANCISCO
All work warranted. Jobbing promptly attended to. Estimates made on new and old Buildings. jy12-tf

CORRESPONDENCE.

San Francisco Poisons.

EDITOR IRISH NATIONALIST: Since my last epistle, I have been experimenting on the various modes of existence open to an energetic young man. By the judicious use of well-merous creditors, I was fortunate enough to obtain what I considered a sinecure, in the form of a political appointment. My office was distinguished by the somewhat expressive title of P. P. I., which signifies *Public Poison Inspector*. My duties consisted in ascertaining and recording the amount of "Jersey Lightning" necessary to insure certain death, if taken in the manner prescribed in some of our local "Drug Shops." As may be imagined, my field of operations was an extensive one, and my army of subjects exceedingly large. That I might proceed methodically, I subdivided the city into districts, and sallied forth daily on my tour of inspection. Some of the observations taken during these voyages is what I shall offer to your gaze. Under the guidance of an argonaut, who "has been here since Spring of '49 and remembers when this yer town was a sand heap &c," I set forth to explore the classic regions of the "Barbary Coast." My friend of Pioneer proclivities declaimed with such a natural ease and such perfect *sang froid* upon the ingredients and essential qualifications of good "Kentucky milk" as to leave me no cause to doubt but that he was a *connoisseur* in things spiritual. The Argonaut leading, I penetrated the numerous dens infesting the "Coast," and felt like a miser giving charity, that is, sadly out of my element. As we groped along, I felt convinced that the term "Dive," as applied to these places was pre-eminently just. It is indeed an awful trip down hill, to leave the ordinary level of humanity, and descend into these cess-pools of filth and crime. The squalid misery, noxious filth and utter degradation pervading these places is almost indescribable. And as for the quality of the beverages dispensed in such "Grave Yards," well, it beggars description. Under the *nom de plume* of Brandy, Whisky, etc., a decoction is served which defies analysis, and is, as my guide informed me, "a cross between nitro-glycerine and bilge-water," combining the destructive qualities of the former and the odorous properties of the latter. In lieu of "Lager" a "Bier" is furnished, which seems to consist of ancient yeast and Black Point sand, blended in equal quantities, and is fully qualified as a first-class canvasser for *grave subjects*. The effects of these agents, commonly known as the vanguard of civilization, upon the physical organization is made palpably evident, by a single glance at the human fixtures, always stationed in these dens. They form a class whose bloated, besotted and brute-like appearance, renders their humanity questionable, and their total depravity certain. But enough here.

A short distance east and we "strike" the water front. The "gin palaces" adorning this locality do not pretend to rival the "Dives" in architectural display or artistic embellishment, though they justly lay claim to equality in the amount of execution done by their commercial commodities. The quality of "Fire Water" vended may be judged, when it is known that a gallon of "City Front Whisky," if placed on the surface of a mine, will penetrate to the ore, even though the vein be a thousand feet "below earth." Its wonderful consuming power is such that a movement is on foot to utilize it as a tunneling agent. Its properties are now so well understood as to warrant the remark "that two horns are equivalent to a physician's certificate of death." In fact, "Poor Jack," who is the greatest consumer, is voluntarily immolating himself by a system of most speedy combustion. "As this suthin' stuff" is the standard of quality predominating in this locality, an analysis of the other liquid "invigorators" is wholly unnecessary. We next wend our way to the respectable "locomotives of death," which of course predominate in our commercial localities. Whilst it must be acknowledged that these precincts can boast of many first-class houses where only the "genuine stuff" is served, (for proof see your advertising columns) still it is certain that the nails for many a coffin herein lie in wait. Gwannow, and wait till next week for the result of my labors among the "two bit houses." He's used up now, is

THE LAZY CONTRIBUTOR.

"MARTHA, dost thou love me?" asked a Quaker youth of one at whose shrine his fondest feelings had been offered up. "Why Seth, we are commanded to love one another, are we not? she answered. Ah, Martha, but dost thou regard me with that feeling which the world calls love?" "I hardly know what to tell thee, Seth I have tried to bestow my love upon all; but I sometimes think thou art getting more than thy share."

A strong temperance man visiting Chicago had tried in twenty drug stores there to get a glass of soda slightly tinctured with aromatic spirits of ammonia, but every time he asks for it the boy winks and dashes a little Bourbon.

A CINCINNATI man who is going to get married in September, sits around boiler shops so as to get his ear trained to it.

Words that burn—Cayenne pepper and Dutch mustard.

A friend at a pinch—One that shares his snuff box with you.

Now proverb—Man proposes, but woman very often rejects him.

A Chicago sausage maker advertises his ware as "dog cheap."

CORRESPONDENCE.

An Advertising Dodge.

A corn doctor, who calls himself a Chieropodist, and who evidently is determined on putting himself prominently before the people of San Francisco, writes the following ingenious

ever, and will present the bill, hoping that if the "doctor" has been a noble in the sublime court of Afghanistan, he has not yet become sufficiently Americanized to refuse payment of any claim made upon him:—

SAN FRANCISCO, July 15th, 1873.

EDITOR IRISH NATIONALIST:—Sir—I am a very humble individual, so much so, in fact, that the height of my ambition is to remain in obscurity. If ever I become illustrious, let my fame be posthumous; let a grateful posterity trumpet over my praise, and become enthusiastic over my virtues; but, while I live, I wish only for that peace of mind and body which results in the first place from a consciousness of recognized merit, and in the second from the ability and the wherewith to practice the *otium cum dignitate*—so often and persistently praised by ancient and modern poets. It would seem, however, as though some unpropitious deity were constantly engaged in thwarting my designs and endeavoring to raise me to that eminence whence "Fame's proud temple shines afar." I may as wel tell you that I am Chieropodist in ordinary to his Majesty, the King of Afghanistan. The fact has been already proclaimed to the not-too-little inquisitive public of San Francisco through the columns of the *Morning Thresher*. How that enterprising journal becams aware of my distinction I cannot for the love of me explain, for I never whispered it even to the most intimate of my travelling acquaintances.

It is only one week since I arrived in your city, yet, when I think of all I have suffered and the dangers I have passed in that short time, it becomes a matter of surprise to me that I survive to tell the tale. In looking over the pages of your valuable journal, I was so struck with the tone of good nature and honesty which make it so acceptable to a numerous circle of readers, that I determined to write to you, feeling assured that if no material benefits resulted from the action I would at least have the satisfaction of enlisting your sympathies in my behalf. When I arrived in this city, after running the gauntlet through a double-row of hackmen and maniacal hotel-runners, I was led to a hack, and three minutes later was pitched into the WHAT CHEER HOUSE, in which desirable caravansary I have since resided. Now, sir, I have a grievance, and a man in possession of such a commodity is generally accounted a bore. I trust, however, that you will think otherwise; and I am sure that, as a gentleman versed in the wiles of a journalistic life, you will sympathize with me when I tell you that I have been *interviewed*—not by an antiquated maiden in quest of religious contributions—not by an enthusiastic and enterprising insurance agent—not by a lackadaisical missionary hungry for proselytes and redolent of bottled brimstone—ah, no; my lines were not cast in such pleasant waters. I was not initiated into the mysteries of interviewing by such mild specimens of a degenerate race. My interviewer was one who had served a regular apprenticeship to the arduous profession, and had climbed to the highest rounds of the interviewing ladder. He was a gentleman of infinite wisdom with all the cardinal virtues, and the bump of inquisitiveness fearfully developed. It was past verging on the hour of midnight when first I saw him, or rather his card. "Tell him," said I to the messenger, "that not for a cargo of *Morning Calls* to make handkerchiefs of, (our people follow the custom of the Japanese) or the tusks of a thousand elephants would I grant an interview to a stranger at this unseemly hour. Go and bear this message instantly to the intruder," and at the same time so great was my agitation that I accelerated his progress down stairs with the point of my right slipper. There was a terrible crash, as though an earthquake had attacked the building. Shouts and imprecations filled the midnight air, and for a few moments I imagined that pandemonium had broken loose. I was soon undeceived, however, with disheveled hair and face ornamented with numerous abrasions, the attendant whom in my agitation I had kicked down stairs rushed out from the darkness of the room where I stood, while an excited individual, flourishing a note-book and thrusting at the domestic wildly with a pencil, brought up the rear. The domestic advanced to where I stood unmindful of his assailant, and, after gesticulating wildly for a moment, struck me a terrific blow in the face. A thousand stars flashed before my eyes, then the room grew dark, my knees trembled, and with a deep groan I fell prostrate on the floor. I quickly recovered myself, however, and rising with difficulty demanded an explanation, which I received. It appears that the attendant, waiting himself at a terrible velocity down stairs, collided with the interviewer of the *Morning Thresher*, who was making his way up stairs without an invitation. Both rolled to the bottom of the stairs whence, after exhausting their superabundant vitality in a hand-to-hand fight, they rushed to the breach once more. Maddened to desperation by the pencil thrusts of the reporter, the domestic turned his attention to me with the results already stated. The suspicion crossed my mind that the domestic was very angry at being kicked, but no; it cannot be, for in my native land to subject your nether garments to the boot of a noble, as I have the honor to be, is accounted the greatest distinction, which a domestic can ever hope to acquire. So severe were the reporter's injuries that, notwithstanding the application of numerous cocktails at my expense, he was unable to interview me, and departed an older, more dilapidated, and much sadder man, promising, however, to return and fulfil his mission.

This is my experience with an interviewer, and as I think that as I have suffered sufficiently, I pray most earnestly that his return may be postponed to an indefinite period. In the meantime, I beseech you to exert your influence on my behalf, and for the few days I intend sojourning in your city let me be free from another such visitation. Bruised and dispirited I remain,

Truly yours,

HAFED HAFIZ,

Chieropodist to his Majesty the King of Afghanistan.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

Kelly, Henderson & Gilchrist

Importers and Jobbers of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

Nos. 309 AND 311 FRONT STREET,

(Between Commercial and Sacramento Streets,)

SAN FRANCISCO.

JOHN KELLY, F. HENDERSON, JOHN GILCHRIST.

je 21-tf

P. HARTIGAN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Groceries, Wines, Liquors, & Cigars,

164 FIRST ST., (cor. Howard, opposite Gas Works,)

Also N. E. cor. 12th and FOLSOM Sts. je 28-tf

RIALTO SALOON,

47 THIRD ST., SAN FRANCISCO.

H. WAFER, ... Proprietor.

P. McARDLE, ... Manager.

Wines and Liquors of Superior quality; Ales, Porter and Cigars. my 31-tf

JAMES DALY. H. WARD.

DALY & WARD,

IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

Wines and Liquors,

No. 311 Sacramento street, between Front and Battery, SAN FRANCISCO. my3-tf

A. MICHAELSON,

EUREKA BREWERY,

No. 235 First Street, between Howard and Folsom San Francisco. jy4-tf

SAN FRANCISCO

BALL and RACKET COURT,

846 HOWARD STREET

Between Fourth and Fifth. . . . . SAN FRANCISCO

Fine WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

THOMAS KELLY. . . . . Proprietor

jy4-tf

P. J. McMahon,

....HOME AGAIN AT THE....

RUSS HOUSE SALOON

MONTGOMERY STREET. my10-tf

M. RYAN'S SALOON,

134 FOURTH STREET,

Between Minnie and Howard. . . . . SAN FRANCISCO

A First-Class Billiard Table. Best Quality of Liquors, English and Irish Ale and Porter constantly on hand. my24-tf

P. F. Brady,

LA GRANDE EXCHANGE,

610 MARKET STREET,

And No. 11 Post Street....(Opposite Masonic Temple,) SAN FRANCISCO.

The reputation of the La Grande for the excellence of its Wines, Liquors and Cigars is always maintained. my17-tf

A. F. BENARD,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Wines, Liquors, and Brandies,

N. E. Cor. FIFTH and HOWARD Streets,

San Francisco. je 14-tf

Highly Recommended by the Medical Faculty.

MANSFIELD'S AROMATIC WHISKY BITTERS.

No. 229 BUSH STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

Fine Wines and Liquors in lots to suit.

my 31-tf M B HUGHES, Agent.

KENNEDY'S BITTERS,

NEBRASKA.

The latest and most POPULAR BITTERS known in the United States. my10-tf

DONNELLY & KERR,

30 MONTGOMERY STREET, (Opposite Lick House.)

SAN FRANCISCO.

Wines and Liquors

OF THE BEST QUALITY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

my17-tf

JAMES, C. CARROLL,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

WINES AND LIQUORS,

Cor. DUPONT & GEARY Sts., SAN FRANCISCO je14-tf

A. GREENEBAUM,

(Successor to HERMAN HEUCK,)

No. 233 KEARNY ST., (3d Store South of Bush),

SAN FRANCISCO.

MANUFACTURERS, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Havana and Domestic Cigars,

Smoking and Chewing Tobaccoes, Snuffs, Matches, Pipes, etc. Direct Importers from Manufacturers. Lorriland's Coarse Rappee, Maccoboy, Scotch and Laundyfoot Snuffs. Gail and Ax's and F. A. Goetz's German and American Smoking Tobaccoes. my 31-3m

Philadelphia Brewery,

JOHN WIELAND, - - Proprietor

Second Street, Near Folsom, San Francisco. jy4-tf

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

HUGH DOHERTY. E. R. BERMINGHAM

NEW FRANKLIN HOUSE.

No. 321 Pacific Street,

Corner of Sansome. . . . . SAN FRANCISCO.

This House is a fire-proof building, newly built, and well ventilated. The rooms are furnished with Spring Beds, and well arranged for families or single persons.

DOHERTY & BERMINGHAM. . . . . Proprietors.

Passengers and Baggage conveyed to the House free of charge. ap19-tf

UNITED STATES HOTEL.

Cor. Beale and Folsom Sts., San Francisco.

CORNELIUS MALONEY. . . . . Proprietor

(Late of the Franklin House.)



THE UNITED STATES HOTEL HAS been thoroughly renovated and fitted up in superior style. Parties who have sent to the States for friends, or who expect friends, will please notify C. Maloney, and he will attend to them on arrival, and forward them with due care to their destination.

A Library is attached to the house for the use of its patrons; also, a fire-proof safe, where money and other valuables are taken charge of at the risk of the proprietor. An Omnibus, with the name of the Hotel thereon, will be at the wharf to convey passengers to the Hotel free of charge. jy4-tf

MANHATTAN HOUSE

705 and 707 Front St., between Pacific and Broadway SAN FRANCISCO.

Board and Lodging, per Week, . . . $4 50.

Board, per Day, ... 75c.

Good accommodations for Families.

N. B.—This House has just been renovated. Free Coach to the House.

JAMES CORNYN. . . . . Proprietor

(Formerly of the Central House.) jy4-tf

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL

K Street Sacramento.

MARTIN & EISENMENGER, Proprietors.

Board per Week $4,00

Board and Lodging per week, from . . $5,00 to $6,00

Meals, ... 25

Lodging, from . . . . . 25 to 50

The Cars pass the Hotel every fifteen minutes to all parts of the city. jy4-tf

MONTGOMERY'S HOTEL.

227 and 229 Second Street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

This Hotel is conducted on Temperance Principles and offers Superior Accommodations to the public. The Table is always supplied with the best the market affords, and no pains will be spared to give guests the comforts of a home.

Board per Week. . . . . $3 50.

Six Meal Tickets for. . . . . $1 00.

Board and Lodging per Week. . . . . $4 00.

Single Rooms with Board (per week) . . $4 50 to $5.

CHAS. MONTGOMERY, Proprietor. ap19-tf

WASHINGTON HOTEL,

519 MISSION STREET,

Between First and Second. . . . . SAN FRANCISCO

Board and Lodging per week. $4 50

Board and Lodging per Day. 1 00

Single Meals. 25

Lodging per Night. . . . . 50 and 25

Passengers and Baggage taken to this house free of charge. JOHN MURRAY, Proprietor.

my24-tf

Empire Hotel,

311 and 313 PACIFIC STREET,

BET. BATTERY AND SANSOME, OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

FREE BATHS.

P. BEIRNE. . . . . Proprietor

ap19-tf

ANTELOPE RESTAURANT

OYSTER SALOON.

612 MARKET STREET, (near Montgomery.)

Open for some hours after the closing of Theatres. my 31-tf

EXTENSION HOUSE,

111 Jessie Street,

Between Second and New Montgomery, SAN FRANCISCO.

Board and Lodging (per week). $5 00

mh29-tf MRS. CREIGHTON.

The Seal Rock House.

CAPT. HENRY FERNNO, - - - Proprietor.

This pleasant wayside resort is situated on the Ocean Beach, near the Cliff, and is the only place on the route where parties taking the drive can procure The Best Liquors and Cigars, for 12½ cents. jy4-tf

CENTRAL HOTEL,

814 and 816 Sansome St., near Broadway, SAN FRANCISCO.

Superior accommodations for families. All the rooms furnished with the best spring beds, and every attention paid to the comfort of guests.

Board and Lodging per week. $5 00

Board per week. 4 00

Single Meals. 25

Lodging per Night. . . . . 25 and 50

The Central Hotel Coach will be at every Railroad Depot and Steamboat Landing, to convey passengers and baggage to the house free of charge.

MICHAEL FARRELL. . . . . Proprietor.

(Late of the Brooklyn House.) my24-tf

THE MAHON HOUSE

San Rafael.



THIS CHARMING AND PLEASANT Summer Resort for Families is now open and ready to receive visitors. Elegantly furnished.

my10-tf M. O'CONNOR & J. JULIAN, Proprietors.

TUBBS' HOTEL,

Oakland, Cal.

Steam and Street Cars pass the Door. je 21-tf

MONTGOMERY'S HOTEL, 227 AND 229 Second street. Board and Lodging from $4 to $5 per week; six meal tickets for $1. Conducted on temperance principles. jy4-tf

GROCERIES, WINES AND LIQUORS.

P. H. MORRISEY'S

Family Grocery Store

N. W. cor. Fifth and Tehama Sts.

Continues to supply Families with

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

Wines and Liquors of the Best Quality constantly on hand.

The business continues to be conducted by MR. P. H. LYDON, who does his best to give satisfaction to customers. my17-tf

P. M. TONER & BROTHER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS, HAMS, BACON, LARD, ETC., ETC.

No. 20, Occidental Market, (Sutter street side), San Francisco.

Particular attention paid to country consignments. All orders promptly attended to. Goods delivered free of charge. my24-tf

B. J. HEAVY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, AND CIGARS.

No. 53 Everett street, between Third and Fourth, San Francisco.

A Choice Selection of Wines and Liquors for Family and Medicinal use always on hand.

Goods delivered free of charge to any part of the city. mh9-tf

E. C. O'CONNELL,

....DEALER IN....

Groceries, Wines & Liquors.

OF THE BEST DESCRIPTION.

No. 409 Fourth Street, (Corner of Perry, SAN FRANCISCO. mh9-tf

Lennon & Kelly,

....DEALERS IN....

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

CHOICE WINES AND LIQUORS.

BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS, ETC.

Southeast Corner of Fourth and Minna Streets, San Francisco. mh9-tf

P. T. Flynn & Son.

Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Wines, Liquors, etc. Corner of Howard and Eighth streets, San Francisco. jy4-tf

JOHN FINNEGAN.

VAN NESS AVENUE and HAYES ST., (South East cor.)

Keeps always on hand and for sale a Select Stock of

Groceries, Wines and Liquors,

At the lowest market prices. He keeps a Temperance Drink called KENTUCKY WINE that challenges competition. Call and judge for yourselves. je 7-tf

OUR SPECIALTIES

COFFEE, TEAS & SPICES



Murphy Brothers,

Nos. 759 & 761 MARKET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO. ap19-tf

MERCHANT TAILORS.

George Cahill,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

902 Market Street,

ONE DOOR FROM STOCKTON STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, ap19-tf

MERCHANT TAILOR:

$6 00

$6 00

$6 00

Pants to Order. . . . . $6.

M. SHORT,

No. 627 Commercial Street, San Francisco jy4-tf,

Joe Baloun & Julius Lambla,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

No. 613 WASHINGTON STREET

SAN FRANCISCO.

$6 PANTS. . . . . BUSINESS SUITS, $30.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

McKenna & Greany.,

Commission Merchants

....AND DEALERS IN....

HAY AND GRAIN.

West side of Drumm street, between Clay and Washington, San Francisco. my10-tf

D. Sweeney & Co.,

Cattle Commission Merchants,

Corner Tenth and Howard streets....SAN FRANCISCO.

Have constantly on hand fresh family Milk Cows, Horses, etc. Large and commodious stalls and corrals, and superior accommodations for all kinds of stock. fy9-tf

J. O. Connor & Co.,

PRODUCE COMMISSION AGENTS.

112 Clay street, corner of Drumm. my10-tf

UNITED STATES.

Santanta and Big Tree, two Kiowa chiefs, imprisoned in the Texas State Prison for robbery and manslaughter, are the subjects of some discussion between the State and the Federal authorities. The Texans wish to keep them incarcerated so that they may be powerless for mischief. The gentle souls at washington are inclined to pity the sorrows of the tribe, and to intercede for the release of the big chiefs.

Destructive fires have taken place in Grand Rapids, Michigan, and in Greenbush, N. Y. In the latter place the loss was $200,000; and in the former $300,000.

The coroner's jury has found a verdict against Lizzie Lloyd King for shooting and killing Charles Goodrich in Brooklyn, N. Y., on the 21st of March.

John O'Neill of New Haven, Conn., and Higgins, the man who stabbed him, are dead. The latter died from excitement and heart disease. He should have died a little sooner.

Last Sunday the body of Charlotte Willett was found half devoured by rats in the house 135 Eighty-seventh street, N. Y.

These poor and much abused men, the manufacturers of whisky and the owners of railroads, finding themselves oppressed by having to contribute liberally towards the support of the Internal Revenue Bureau, are putting their heads togeiher so that when Congress meets they can present a formidable front against such crying injustice.

Ben Butler is a candidate for the Governorship of Massachusetts. This is what his opponents call putting on magnificent cheek. They hit him hard, but his back strokes are neither light nor slow.

On Saturday last, the police prevented a duel at Hoboken, N. Y., between A. W. Shroeder and Andrew Hopkee, an old Californian.

It is asserted in Washington that, by the "irregularities" of Paymaster Hodge, the Government loses $443,076.

Samuel Atwood, a baggage-master, having lately blocked the game of two sharpers—Bull and Mahaffy—on a railroad train was attacked and badly cut by them in Omaha on Saturday last.

Respecting the establishment of cotton mills in the Southern States, the Raleigh *Sentinel* draws the following conclusions:—1. That cotton manufacturing pays better in the South than any other investment. 2. That it is more certain and permanent, because it has paid well ever since the war. 3. That it is more profitable in the South than in the North. 4. That every factory must pay a good dividend if well managed.

PACIFIC COAST.

The people of San Diego are indignant about the capture there of a Chinese female servant (married) whom police officers from Los Angeles took aboard the steamer just before its departure last Saturday. It is asserted that a trumped-up charge is made against her, for the purpose of enabling her former owners to regain possession of her.

I. E. James has started with a party from San Diego for the purpose of ascertaining the feasibility of converting the Colorado Desert into an inland lake. The project may not be so impossible as it looks.

Giant Powder was the bait with which Geo. Hoosenfeldt was catching fish in the Mokelumne river last Sunday morning. A cartride exploded in his hand, and he was buried on Monday.

Toney, the Marysville Bank robber, though handcuffed, led the officers a chase of a dozen miles from Jacinto, and escaped into the brush among the foothills. He was eventually captured and brought back wounded to Marysville.

The Mormon Mission to Arizona has proved a complete failure. The only habitable portion of the regions which it was proposed to occupy is in the possession of the red-handed Apaches. The colonists, after enduring great hardships, are making the best of their way back to the happy valley of Brigham Young.

The *Post* endorses for re-election to the State Senate Hon. M. P. O'Conor of Nevada county. It is pleasant, apart from politics, to find an Irishman described by a writer outside the party as "a gentleman of education and scrupulously honest."

The Commencement Exercises of the California University were celebrated on Wednesday last, and augur well for its future. The popularity of President Gilman daily increases.

The Badlam expedition to explore the resources of Southern Utah started from Salt Lake on Tuesday last.

Chinamen, being imitative animals, have learned to shoot. One of them killed Joseph Simon in Salt Lake City on Sunday last.

The Oakland jail has the advantage of a nocturnal ghost worth half a dozen warders. Robinson, who stands charged with disreputable practices towards the father of Katie Gordon, has forfeited his bail and disappeared.

A Desperate Murder in England.

A most deperates and cold-blooded murder took place recently in South Shields. For some time a bricklayer named John Mensforth, 23 years of age, has been courting a young woman who is niece to a carpenter named Mark Jennings, 33 years, living in Brunswick street, South Shields. The addresses of Mensforth have been distasteful to Jennings, and last night John Mensforth drew from his pocket a knife and stabbed Jennings in his left breast, and then in the right thigh, severing the main artery. He was about to inflict further wounds on the poor man but was instantly secured. Jennings lingered for twenty minutes, then notwithstanding prompt medical assistance, he expired. The murder caused great sensation in town. Mensforth was at once secured by the police and taken into custody. He is very callous of his position, and uttered expressions of satisfaction rather than regret at the deed. The knife with which the crime was committed cannot be found. The prisoner is a stout, healthy young man, and deceased was a quiet, unoffending man. The prisoner is an English man and lived in South Shields.

PIERCE NAGLE.

It is rumored and currently believed that a little "accident" has befallen this double-dyed traitor and informer in London, though the newspapers, in accordance with the request of the police, have hitherto withheld all reference to the subject. A correspondent of the *Irishman* says: "Mr. Nagle was designated by Attorney-General Sullivan as the *Savior of his country*. It would appear he should have given a little attention to his soul. Query: What has become of his body?

EUROPEAN NEWS.

ENGLAND.

Prince Arthur is going to Copenhagen to seek the betrothal of Princess Thyra. If he treats her as well as his brother, the Prince of Wales, treated her sister, Alexandria, she will have a happy time of it.

A disaster has occurred on the Caledonia railroad by which two persons were killed outright and thirty injured—some fatally.

ITALY.

The death of Ratazzi and the conspiracies of the revolutionists have made the abdication of Victor Fmmanuel more probable than ever. It is no secret that the King is extremely anxious to celebrate his civil marriage with the Countess Mirafiona. It is equally well known what a bitter opposition to this design exists on the part of Prince Humbert, who has treatened to leave Rome and to head a revolution if his father attempted to carry his design into execution. The existing cabinet is more a cabinet of Prince Humbert than of the King, and Minister Lanza has been almost as zealous in opposing this wish of his sovereign as the Prince himself. Now, that Ratazzi is dead, the King contemplates abdication as the only thing left for him. To increase the difficulty of the situation, France and Austria are said to have formed an alliance against Italy, and have expressed to the Italian government their unqualified disapproval of the suppression of religious communities.

FRANCE.

A young Irishman named Charles O'Keenan, who has won some distinction in Paris as a *litterateur*, has lately published a brochure tracing MacMhon's ancestry from Brian Boru downwards. This he epresented to the Marshal who found time to return a letter of thanks and appreciation.

FOREIGN NEWS.

THE SHAH OF PERSIA

This liberal gentleman is going the rounds of Europe, and may be lavish in his expenditure, since it is other people's money he is flinging away. For one thing, he entered into a compact for the construction of a railroad from the Caspian Sea to Teheran with Baron Paul Julius Reuter, the great telegraph agent, and clinched the bargain by borrowing from him a million and a half of dollars. As the Baron, on his side, gets the privilege of plundering millions of Persians, he too is probably satisfied.

THE VIENNA EXPOSITION.

Except in the matter of machinery, agricultural implements and stereoscopic views of Niagara and California, the American part of the grand exhibition though creditable enough is not sufficiently so to represent this country in anything like an adequate manner.

CUBA.

Affairs in Cuba wear a gloomy aspect. Apart altogether from the insurrectionary movement, by which millions' worth of property has been destroyed, the commotion in Spain has its effect on the parties in that island, by creating much dissension. To add to this trouble, the yellow fever has anchored itself in Puerto Principe, and is making sad ravages among the people.

AFRICA.

Thirty thousand Ashantees were camped within fifteen miles of Cape Coast Castle, Africa, at last accounts, June 3d, and threatened to attack the town. The English force was small and much alarm prevailed. Reinforcements were on the way and expected to arrive about the 1st of July.

ASIA.

The Khan of Khiva is to retain his throne as a vassal of Russia. He has proclaimed the abolition of slavery in his dominions, and thereby enabled the Russian general to cement still closer the alliance with the Shah, handing him over 10,000 liberated Persians. The advance on British outposts is thus doubly facilitated.

EAST INDIES.

The Sultan of Acheen proclaims that if the Dutch return to renew the war, his people will defend themselves to the last man; and that, sooner than yield to them, he will claim the protection of England. If he know better, he would feel this a getting out of the frying-pan into the fire.

MEXICO.

The daughters of Juarez, the late President of Mexico, are to receive $3,000 a year while single, and $1,500 hundred a year while married. This is what some call a premium on celibacy.

NEW ZEALAND.

The people of New Zealand are adopting energetic measures to develop the resources of the country. The Government offers large prizes for excellence and progress in various industries.

Anecdote of Marshal MacMahon.

On the evening of the great battle of Magenta the vast plain was covered with dead. The Emperor Napoleon sent for the hero of the day, the commander of the Third Army Corps. When the Sovereign was face to face with the blushing MacMahon, he took him by the hand and said—"You are Marshal of France and Duke of Magenta." The hero retired at once to his tent, and probably was pensively thinking over the time when, after ten years of rank as captain and disgusted at failure of future promotion, he would have sent in his resignation but for his friend Changarnier then his chief in Algeria. The new Marshal took a pen and wrote as follows in his tent—"My old Master in War, they told me this morning to go to the left. I went to the right. It appears I have saved France. I am a Marshal and a Duke. Thanks to you. De MacMahon.—*Correspondent Irish Times.*

At a meeting of a parish, a straight-faced and most exemplary deacon submitted a report in writing, of the destitute widows and others who stood in need of assistance from the parish. "Are you sure, deacon, that you have embraced all the widows?" He said he believed he had.

Mrs. Brown, of Burlington, Iowa, sings her "Hush my babe," to her infant son William, who measures twelve months one way and one hundred pounds the other. She spanks him with a pile-driver.

A revolutionary movement—Turning a grindstone.

The "lay" of the last minstrel—The Ethiopian business.

What is the key-note of good breeding?—B natural.

J. J. O'Brien's Column.



Extraordinary Inducements!

A COMPLETE CLEARANCE ....OF.... J. J. O'BRIEN'S Fine Stock of DRY GOODS.

J. J. O'BRIEN, No. 606 Market street, respectfully informs his patrons, and the people of the Pacific Coast in general, that on account of other arrangements (which will soon be made public), he is necessitated to dispose of the entire stock. And no matter what the sacrifice is to be, a "Complete Clearance" must be effected; consequently, all intending purchasers of Dry Goods will do well to call, see, and examine the Stock before purchasing elsewhere

You Can Secure Big Bargains This Time!

The following are only a few of the thousands of bargains to be offered during this Great Sale.

7,000 yards Tasso Linen Suitings, 5 cents a yard
2,500 yards Striped Grenadines, 5 cents a yard.
10,500 yards French Corded Pique, 12½ cents a yard.
3,000 yards Empress Poplins, 15 cents a yard.
6,750 yards Fine Swiss Silk, 37½ cents a yard.
500 pieces French Poplins (50 and 60 cent quality,) to be sold at 25 cents a yard.

BLACK SILKS, COLORED SILKS, STRIPED SILKS, JAPANESE SILKS, IRISH POPLINS, FRENCH POPLINS, ALL REDUCED 75 Per Cent.

Fine Broche Shawls, from $6 each.
Fine All Wool Striped Shawls, $1 50 upward.
Fine Ottoman Striped Shawls, $5 each.
Fine Black Cashmere Shawls, $2 50 each.

BLANKETS, FLANNELS, BEDSPREADS, SHEETINGS, TABLE LINENS, NAPKINS, TOWELS,

All Reduced 50 Per Cent.

Good Heavy All Wool Crash, 12 yards for $1.
Good Heavy Scotch Table Linen, 30 cents a yard.
All Linen Napkins, 50 cents a dozen.
Colored Linen Fruit Napkins, 60 cents a dozen.

HOSIERY, GLOVES, LADIES' AND GENTS' UNDERWEAR, CORSETS AND FANCY GOODS, ALL REDUCED 60 PER CENT.

500 dozen Misses' Rib'd Cotton Hose, 12½ cents a pair.
250 Men's Shirts, reduced to 75 cents each.
Ladies' Merino Vests, reduced to 75 cents each.

A few soiled lots of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Merino Shirts and Drawers

Will be cleared out at Merely Nominal Prices.

MOURNING GOODS, AS WELL AS BLACK DRESS GOODS Of every description, will be sold astonishingly low during this great sale.

Remnants of these Goods almost Given Away. Remnants of Muslins, Flannels, Sheetings, Table Linens, Striped and Checked Nainsook, correspondingly low.

A call respectfully solicited. Store open from 7 30 A. M. to 7 P. M.

J. J. O'BRIEN, 606 Market Street, near Montgomery. je28-tf

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UISGE BEATHA!!

W. V. GAFFEY, Importer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer and Jobber, IN THE FOLLOWING

Wines and Liquors:

Jameson's Irish Whisky, Dunville's Irish Whisky, Cutter and Bourbon Whisky, Henessy Brandy, Martell Brandy, Blood, Wolf & Co's. English Porter, Old Burgundy Port Wine, French Claret, in Wood and Bottle, California " " " California White Wine, Angelica Wine, Holland Gin, California Brandy, six years old, Guinness' Dublin XXX Stout, Jules' English Ale, Tennent's English Ale, Syrups, Cordials, &c.

W. V. GAFFEY, 25 Second street, near Stevenson, (opposite the Grand Hotel), San Francisco. je 7-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

WM. SMITH, MANUFACTURER OF Patent Water Closets.



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TAUTPHAUS & STARK, - - Proprietors.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED WITH ALL KINDS OF MEATS and vegetables, at reasonable rates. All goods delivered free of charge. jy4-tf

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All kinds of Salt, including Rock, Ground and Liverpool, constantly on hand and for sale.

PACKED IN EVERY STYLE AND VARIETY FOR THE TRADE.

OFFICE:—No. 218 Sacramento Street, jy4-tf. San Francisco.

NOTICE.

PERSONS DESIROUS OF OBTAINING ROOMS AND board in the new frame building corner of Fifth and Market streets, can do so by applying at 611 Folsom street, bet. Second and Third, as the house will be open from May 1st. m20-tf MRS. H. HANNAH.

For a Short Time Only.

$10,000—To any person able to equal MADAME SCHWŒRER, Clairvoyant and Professor of Great Mysteries. She cures all sickness or no charge. Consultation given on all affairs. Talismans for love, prosperity, family unhappiness. Also, see your intended. Fee, 50 cents up. Corner Folsom and Seventh Streets, (over fruit store) San Francisco jy4-tf

Stage Line For Sale.

TEN HORSES AND TWO STAGES ON THE MAIL Route of Thirty Miles between Sausalito, Bolinas and Olima. Cash required, $1,500. Enquire at the Chicago Hotel, Pacific street, San Francisco. sp19-tf

E. SCHLOTT. J. SCHMIDT MUSIC FURNISHED OF EVERY DESCRIPTION BY

Ernst Schlott & Jos. Schmidt.

Orders may be left at Feldbush & Co.'s Musical Instrument and Toy Store, No. 207 Montgomery Street, Russ House Block.
Private Residence of Mr. SCHLOTT, No. 432 Chestnut Street. Private Residence of Mr. JOSEPH SCHMIDT, (former Leader of the Department Band) No. 1025 Washington Street. fy16-tf

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Cider in Bottle and on Draft, Tennant's Ale, Blood, Wolfe & Co's. Dublin Stout, Delivered free of charge to all parts of the city. [my31tf

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MURRAY & MURDOCK ..... PROPRIETORS

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Wines and Liquors Dunbar Alley, Rear of City Hall, San Francisco. fy2-t

Willis' Band.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR ALL OCCASIONS. Music imported, arranged and for sale. Fritz Pipers and Marcus M. Blum, Leading Violinists.



Orders from the country promptly attended to Address M. W. WILLIS, Eaton's Music Store, No. 138 Montgomery street, or MARCUS M. BLUM, No. 229 Montgomery street. ap12-tf

NOTICE

THISTLETON'S JOLLY GIANT, the only Comic Paper on the Pacific Coast, is now out. Lots of Fun, Splendid Pictures of the Daily Press, Emperor Norton, Arnold, the Diamond Swindler, many curious things, and what the CHRONICLE, the "Live Paper," Saw in the Moon. For sale by Newsboys, and all the News Dealers on the Coast. Price, Ten Cents. Office, No. 9 Port street.
WANTED.—A Dozen Newsboys. my3-tf

Pellet & Fischer, (Successor to R. LEHMAN & Co.)

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No. 403 Davis Street, between Washington and Jackson, San Francisco. Manufacture all kinds of Candies from the Best Materials, and will sell at least as low as any other House in the trade. Goods warranted to keep in any climate. Country orders promptly attended to.—Dealers supplied on liberal terms. Also a large assortment of Nuts. jly5-tf

GARLAND'S VEGETABLE COUGH DROPS are now acknowledged to be the best remedy known for all Throat and Lung Complaints. Physicians and all that have ever used them recommend them.

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WOODWARD'S GARDENS. THE CENTRAL PARK OF THE PACIFIC, EMBRACING A Museum and Art Gallery, Conservatories and Menagerie, AND A Skating Rink, ADMISSION.....Twenty-five Cents

THE CITY GARDENS. ....FOR THE.... Coming Picnic Season!

THE ATTENTION OF ALL SOCIETIES, ASSOCIations and Military Companies is called to the advantages offered by these commodious and beautiful grounds for Holiday Picnic Festivals. They can be procured on any day in the week for picnic purposes the coming season on more advantageous terms than any grounds in the State.

THE CITY GARDENS Are easy of access without any tariff to Societies, and are provided with large and beautiful Lawns; large Shade Trees; beautiful Flowers and Plants from every clime; numerous Swings; two mammoth Dancing Pavilions; a natural Lake, with Pleasure Boats; Fountains and Observatory Towers, all perfectly sheltered from the winds. A mammoth Restaurant is on the grounds, and every convenience for the accommodation of large Picnics has been made. Everything has been placed in the most complete order for the coming season.

THE CITY GARDENS Are the largest in the State. They contain 31½ acres of Knoll and Shaded Lawns, Flower Gardens, etc., and are capable of accommodating 20,000 persons with the greatest convenience. Extra Cars run directly to the Gardens.

Picnic Committees are especially invited to call and inspect the Grounds, and ascertain terms, which will be most favorable.

M. V. STEVENS, Proprietor.

Office hours 3 to 6 P. M. daily, at the Gardens, corner Twelfth and Folsom streets.

N. B.—30,000 Admission Tickets were sold by various Associations holding festivals at the City Gardens last year. The sale of spirituous liquors will be prohibited on the grounds on Festival days. sp19-tf

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P. J. McElwan, M. D. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. (Dublin and Edinburgh.) OFFICE—No. 1,028 Market street, San Francisco. Office Hours—From 11 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 4 to 8 P. M. fy2-tf



DR. S. H. ROBERTS. Dentist, No. 142½ Fourth Street near Howard, San Francisco. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. jy4-tf



Dr. A. R. Walker, DENTIST, Teeth extracted for 50 cents, children 25 cents. No. 775 Mission street, corner of Fourth, San Francisco. jy4-tf

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Hearses and Coaches; Rosewood, Mahogany and Lead Coffins; Shrouds, Cravats, Silver and White Metal Coffin Plates constantly on hand.
Grave Stones, Iron and Wood Enclosures furnished.
Especial attention given to disinterring Bodies and preparing them for shipment to the Atlantic States and elsewhere.
Every variety of Funeral Equipments furnished to order. my3-tf

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Billiard, Jenny Lind and Pigeon Hole Tables, Keno Sets, Dice, Dominoes, Ten Pins and Balls, Cue Leathers, Chalk, Etc., Etc.

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